The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. II. RALEIGH, N. C., MONDAY, JULY 15, 1867. NO. 288.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

THE EXECUTION OF MAXIMILIAN—INTERESTING DETAILS.

The following dispatch gives the most detailed report we have seen of the execution of Maximilian, Miramon and Mejia:

NEW ORLEANS, June 9.—The *Times* this evening publishes an extra containing a ranchero letter from San Luis Potosi, stating that at six o'clock on the morning of June 19 the troops of Escobedo formed a short distance from the city for the execution of Maximilian and his Generals, the people of Queretaro flocking by thousands to see the closing scenes in the life of the men they loved. As the clock strikes 7, the bells toll and announce that the prisoners have left their prisons for their last time, and are on their way to the execution. After a few moments they appear, drawn in carriages and a large guard around them, the Emperor first, Miramon next, and Mejia last. As they neared the place of execution, convulsive sobs break from the crowd. The carriages stop, and the prisoners get out. Among the conclave you can hardly see a dry eye. Tokens of dissatisfaction are manifested. Maximilian, on alighting, is saluted by the people. In an easy and graceful manner, and with an elastic step, he marched to the fatal spot. The prisoners were dressed in a plain manner. They were not bound nor blindfolded. In taking his position, the Emperor spoke in a clear and firm manner and with nothing of bravado. He seemed to feel his situation, and said when he was first waited upon at home by the deputation from Mexico, with credentials offering him the government of the country, he refused. At a subsequent meeting the proposition was again presented, and he replied that if convinced that the majority thought that it was to their interest to place him at the head of the Government he might consent. Another deputation waited on him and brought additional testimonials. Upon advice from the Powers of Europe, who advised him that there was no other course to pursue, he accepted the call. He denied that the court that tried him had a right to do so. His was a case of good faith. The nations of the world had pledged their faith to him. He never would have done the act had it not been for the good of Mexico. In conclusion, he hoped his blood would stop the effusion of blood in the country.

Miramon spoke from a paper. The only regret he felt in dying was, that, should the Liberal party retain the government, his children would be pointed out as the children of a traitor. He told them that he was no traitor, but had always opposed liberal principles, and always been against the disorder of the country. He should die as he lived, a conservative, satisfied to die for his country. The fame of his acts would live, and posterity would judge whether he was right or wrong. He closed with the words, *Vive la Emperor! Vive la Mexico!"*

Mejia made no address; he went to Escobedo and said he would die poor; that he had never made an effort to make money. His only wealth consisted in forty cattle in the mountains. He asked that the merchants of Matamoras, to whom he owed considerable, would not press his wife to pay his debts when she came into possession of the money left her by the kindness of the Emperor.

After Miramon ceased speaking the guard was drawn up. The prisoners were standing facing them. The Emperor called the sergeant, and drawing from his pocket a handful of $20 pieces, he gave them to him and requested that after his death he would divide them with his company, asking as a favor that he would aim his bullet at his heart. The officers gave the signal, the volley was fired, and the prisoners lay stretched on the ground. The Emperor was not quite dead. There was considerable quivering of the muscles. Five balls had entered his breast. Two soldiers were then called out, who shot him in the side. Miramon and Mejia were killed by the first volley. Each of the four balls entered in the breast. A sheet was thrown over the Emperor by the doctor who was to embalm his body. The bodies were then taken by their respective friends, and the troops moved back to their quarters, while thousands remained, kept by a supernatural agency.

RUMORED DEMAND FOR THE RELEASE OF SANTA ANNA.

The United States steam frigate *Susquehanna* was dispatched by the government from Hampton Roads on Saturday last for Vera Cruz, with sealed orders. It is now understood, says the *National Intelligencer*, that the *Susquehanna* takes a peremptory demand upon the Juarez government of Mexico for the release and surrender of General Santa Anna. The same paper further remarks:

"No authentic advices of the actual execution of Santa Anna have been received by this government, and his reported death is open to some doubt. Santa Anna was taken by force from an American merchant vessel, the *Virginia*, under the protest of the master of the vessel. The master asserts, and will prove to the satisfaction of this government, that the *Virginia* was not at the time in Mexican water, and that she was more than a marine league beyond the Mexican shore. Of course the seizure of Santa Anna, under such circumstances, is a national affront.

It may well be doubted whether Juarez, if his government should be still in existence upon the arrival of the *Susquehanna* and the reception of our demand, will have the power to comply with it. His numerous subordinate chiefs are by this time, probably, at variance with each other and with him. If Santa Anna is merely a captive in the hands of some one of the Mexican leaders, we may next hear of a pronunciamento in his favor. The functionaries of Mexico, that were united under Juarez as against Maximilian, will soon be rallied for renewed struggles against each other. The suggestion that Juarez will call a cortez and surrender to it his own authority, which he retained from necessity beyond the time for which he was elected as President, is very probable."

It is said that at a recent audience given by the Pope an American lady stepped forward upon the entrance of his Holiness, and, with the peculiar nasal twang of the New England States, thus spoke: "How d'ye do, Pope Pius Ninth! I want to introduce you to my darter Jane." His Holiness appeared to take the matter very good naturedly and to appreciate the joke, while the Americans present were overwhelmed with mortification.

DRY GOODS.

TO THE LADIES.

Another lot of T. MILES & SONS' Kid and Morocco Shoes.

ALSO, LACED AND CONGRESS LASTING SHOES.

Also, a beautiful assortment for Misses and Children.

Call and you will return to your homes, saying, "I was lucky in stoping at Cooke's and getting a pair of Miles' Shoes."

July 5-281-tf G. T. COOKE.

SILK WRAPPERS.

A beautiful lot SILK WRAPPERS, which will be sold at Cost and no humbug.

A very large assortment of Ladies' Spring and Summer Dress Goods, which will be sold for a small advance on Cost.

July 5-281-tf GEO. T. COOKE'S.

ARRIVED AT LAST.

T. Miles & Sons' fine French Calf Boots.
Fine French Calf Gaiters.
" " " Oxford Ties,
" Lacing " "
Ladies Gaiters and Bootees.
Children's, Misses and Boys shoes and gaiters at
April 29-233-tf GEO. T. COOKE'S.

PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS.

A beautiful stock of Parasols,
Umbrellas, small and large sizes, at
GEO. T. COOKE'S.
April 29-234-tf

50 DOZ. LADIES' LINEN CAMBRIC HANDkerchiefs, for sale Cheap at
GEO. T. COOKE'S.
April 29-234-tf

PRINTS! PRINTS!!

A new lot of pretty PRINTS and MOZAMBIQUES, very cheap, at
GEO. T COOKE'S.
July 4-280-tf

NOW IS YOUR CHANCE!

AT COST!!

FOR THIRTY DAYS ONLY!!!

IN consequence of the daily decline of Goods, I have resolved to offer to the Public,

AT COST,

all of my fine and well selected stock of
DRESS GOODS,
of *every description*
PRINTS,
of the newest patterns,
SHIRTINGS and SHEETINGS,
of the most celebrated brands,
HATS and BONNETS,
of the latest styles,
RIBBONS, TRIMMINGS, FLOWERS, &c.,
in great variety.
SILK SACQUES AND MANTLES,
Hosiery, Gloves, Hoop and Balmoral Skirts, &c, &c.

Together with a full and complete stock of Ladies', Misses' and Children's
SHOES,
of the best make.
TRUNKS and VALISES,
for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Remember this is no humbug, as the above Goods will be sold
AT COST,
For thirty days only;
And you will not have another chance very soon to buy your goods as cheap.
Come one and all, and look at the prices for yourself.

M. ROSENBAUM,
Raleigh, July 2-277-tf

BOOK STORE.

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Book Sellers and Stationers,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS,
MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;
BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES;
SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;
ALBUMS;
PERFUMERY,
FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

BLUE AND GOLD POETS:

GOLDSMITH, WORDSWORTH, HOOD, COWPER, TENNYSON, LONGFELLOW, OSSIAN, HALLECK, SCOTT, MOORE, MCCAULEY, MISS MULOCH, MEREDITH, MORRIS, WILLIS, MILTON, PRESTON, BYRON, BURNS, HEMANS, CAMPBELL, COLERIDGE.

All just received at our new Store, next to Tuckers' new Hall.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
May 29-249-tf

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION BOOKS,

BURROW'S MUSIC PRIMERS,
BAXTER'S SAINTS' REST,
SUNDAY SCHOOL LIBRARIES,
SPLENDID COLORED ENGRAVINGS,
CHILDREN'S ILLUSTRATED BOOKS,
ROBINSON CRUSOE, &c., &c.

Just to hand at our new Store, next to Tuckers' New Hall.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
June 12-260-tf

FOR SALE.

THE BANKING HOUSE AND LOT BELONGING to the Bank of the State of North Carolina, in the City of Raleigh, will be offered for sale, on the premises, on Tuesday, the 20th. day of August next, at 12 o'clock, M.

TERMS: One third Cash; residue in three equal instalments of SIX, Twelve and Eighteen months, with interest from day of sale. Bonds with approved security, will be required and title retained until the whole purchase money is paid. The Bank reserves the privilege of making one bid.

C. DEWEY,
July 9-285-2awtd Agent.

FAMILY GROCERS.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,

FAMILY GROCER,

NO. 26 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE supply of

CHOICE GROCERIES,

Consisting in part of Sugars—Crushed, "A" Coffee, Powdered, "C" Coffee, "B" Coffee, and brown of different grades;
Molasses and Syrup;
Coffees, Java, Laguira, Rio, and St. Domingo;
Bacon, Sides, Shoulders, Sugar cured Hams, and Strips;
Beef, for chipping, broiling, and spiced for boiling, a splendid article. Spiced Pig's feet, Pickled Pork, Beef and Buffalo Tongues.
Codfish, Tongues and Sounds. Mackerel, Smoked or Scotch Herrings. A splendid lot of Codfish.
Pickled and smoked Salmon.
Liverpool and Table Salt.
Potatoes, White Mercer, Peach Blow and Jackson Whites.
Gunny Bagging, Rope, Sole Leather, French Calf Skins, Lining Skins, &c. Shoe Pegs, Tacks, Awls, &c.
Wrapping Paper, Powder and Shot, Cotton Cards. Pearl and Corn Starch, Farina and Tapioca; English Dairy Cheese, Factory Cheese; a large assortment of Canned Fruits, Pickles, Preserves, Mustards, canned Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c.
Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Currants and Prunes, and everything usually kept in a first-class Grocery.
Also Liquors of all grades. Attention is especially called to our pure old Robeson County and old Keller Whiskey.
All manner of Sauces, Catsups and Fancy Groceries generally, very cheap for cash.
We sell strictly for Cash.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,
April 3-tf Family Grocer.

ROBERT A. JENKINS, Williamsborough, N. C.
LEMUEL S. PERRY, Raleigh N. C.

JENKINS & PERRY,

Family Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

IN THE BRICK ROW,

Four Doors North of the Post Office and nearly Opposite Market Square,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Grateful for the flattering patronage with which we have heretofore been so kindly favored, we respectfully solicit an increased share of the patronage of the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country. Without specially *gassing*, we deem it sufficient to say, that our stock mostly embraces such articles as are usually found in Family Groceries. Most of our goods have been recently bought in New York and Baltimore, for cash, and we hope to be able to sell them on satisfactory terms. In addition to our stock of Groceries, &c., we have a fine lot of

HATS AND READY MADE CLOTHING

and a splendid lot of Confectioneries, consisting of

PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES, RAISINS, ORANGES, FIGS, NUTS AND BRANDY PEACHES, &c.,

all of which will be sold on reasonable terms.

We have also a fine lot of genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco, which we can unphicitly recommend to "those who smoke." Please call and see us.

We will pay particular attention to all consignments of Produce and Merchandise entrusted to our care and will endeavor to sell at the best market prices. Consignments are respectfully solicited. By a prompt and close attention to business and fair dealing with all, we hope to merit and receive a share of public patronage.
April 13-211-tf

RAILROADS.

RALEIGH AND GASTON RAILROAD. 1867 1867

Through Freight Tariff.

NORTH AND SOUTH,

BY THE AIR LINE ROUTE!

WE are now prepared to ship all kinds of Freight through to New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore, on through bills of lading, giving through receipts, at the lowest rate.

THIS IS THE LINE FOR SHIPPERS.

Your Goods will be handled only once.

Through connections close, no delay, time and expense less than by any other route. Insurance trifling compared with other routes. We take goods to and from Columbia, S. C., and all intermediate stations, with more promptness and dispatch than any Express Company at about one-fourth the cost.

TAKE NOTICE.

Persons shipping goods South will ship through the following agents and by the following named Steamship Companies, and no other,

FROM NEW YORK,

By the Old Dominion Steamship Co., N. L. McCready, President, Office No. 187, Greenwich Street, Corner Dey Street, Pier 37 North River, New York.

FROM BALTIMORE,

By the Baltimore Steam Packet Company, L. B. Parks Agent, foot of Union Dock, and Brandt's line of Steamers.

FROM PHILADELPHIA,

By the Philadelphia and Norfolk Steamship Co., W. B. Clyde & Co., Agents, No. 14 North Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia.

FROM BOSTON,

By the Boston and Norfolk Steamship Co., E. Sampson & Co., Agents, end of Central Wharf, Boston.

Consign your goods to R. R. Agents, Portsmouth, Va., and City Point. Goods coming by the way of City Point and Petersburg must be so marked.

C. B. ALLEN,
Dec. 5—tf Freight Agt. R. & G. R. R.

RALEIGH AND GASTON R. R. Co., SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C. May 6th. 1867.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE ON R. & G. R. R.

ON and after May 7th. 1867, trains will run on R. & G. R. R. as follows: Daily

Mail trains leave Raleigh	9,30 A. M.
Arrive at Weldon	2 30 P. M.
Mail trains leave Weldon	10,30 A. M.
Arrive at Raleigh	3,50 P. M.
Freight train arrives at Raleigh	4,50 P. M.
" " leaves "	6,30 A. M.

The mail trains make through connections with all points North and South as quick as any other route.

W. G. LEWIS,
May 6-229-tf Gen. Supt.
Progress and Standard copy till forbid.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE.

The best and most desirable lot in the town of Albemarle, Stanly County, N. C. containing two acres of land, with a

GOOD TWO STORY DWELLING HOUSE

of seven large and well finished rooms. Piazza in front. Kitchen, Smoke-house, Stables and other out-houses, a good and lasting well of water, nice flower yard, &c.

Price very low for cash. Apply at *Sentinel* Office, or address,

R. ANDERSON,
June 11-3mw* Albemarle.

GRAIN CRADLES.

Another supply of Sinclairs 6 Finger Grain Cradles received and for sale at manufacturers prices.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
June 19-268-tf Agent.

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

STILL THEY COME AND GO!

NEW ARRIVALS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY THIRD SUPply of Spring and Summer Goods.

Just received 5,000 yds. of beautiful Spring and Summer CALICOES.

Just received 3,000 yds. Mohair MOZAMBIQUES and LENOS.

Just received 3,000 yds. Figured JACONETTS and LAWNS.

Just received 10 dozen Ladies' and Misses' TRIMMED HATS and BONNETS, and will be sold Cheap.

I have asked my friends and Customers to *come to CREECH'S* to buy their goods, and I am pleased to say that hundreds have come and are still coming.

I keep *no time worn or shelf rubbed* remnants. I buy new goods and good styles, and sell them right.

Come to CREECH'S to buy your goods,—R. Smith's Corner, Fayetteville Street.

ALEXANDER CREECH.
May 31-250-tf
Progress copy one week.

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE!

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING OUR friends and the public, that we have in store one of the most

COMPLETE AND BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENTS

of Goods, ever offered in this Market.

Our DRESS GOODS are composed of all the latest styles and novelties of the season.

Our Line of White Goods is Perfect, consisting of

MULL, NAINSOOK AND SWISS MUSLINS, PLAIN, CHECKED AND STRIPED ORGANDIES, TARLETANS, PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED LINEN AND MUSLIN SETTS, &c., &c.

Our goods are of the best quality and prices as low as any one can sell

WE SELL STRICTLY FOR CASH, and are content with small profits.

All we ask is an examination of our stock and we think we can please.

A. N. & J. McKIMMON.
April 5-204-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

NO 44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

IN STORE,

50 Boxes Window Glass 8x10 and upwards.
40 Cooking Stoves.
Kerosene Oil by the barrel or retail.

J. BROWN,
For HART & LEWIS.
Raleigh, June 22-268-tf

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY,

OF NORTH CAROLINA,

BRANCH OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Persons having Agricultural and Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Town Lots and all kinds of real Estate for sale, are respectfully invited to place them in our hands for that purpose, as our facilities for bringing purchasers from Northern States and placing property prominently before the public, through our advertisements, and also through our agencies and correspondents in the North and West, are unsurpassed. WE ARE NOW WAITING FOR LANDS TO BE PLACED IN OUR HANDS FOR SALE, in order to sell to a party of substantial farmers from the North.

Our terms are as follows: Persons placing property in the hands of the Guilford Land Agency of North Carolina, will be charged FIVE per cent. commission on all amounts realized. Five dollars entrance fee must be paid when the property is placed in our hands.

Persons at a distance wishing to place property in our hands should give us an accurate description of the same. If Agricultural Lands, they should specify the soil, number of acres of cleared and timbered lands, the kind of timber, what is raised on the land, what kind of improvements are on the premises, how far from Railroad and from Commercial point whether it is well watered, &c. If MINERAL LANDS, they should state what kind of Minerals, the indications, &c., always sending a good fair specimen of the ore. It would also be advisable to send a sketch of the land to us.

REFERENCES.

His Excellency Gov. Worth, of N. C.
Hon. W. A. Graham, Hillsboro.
Hon. Z. B. Vance, Charlotte.
Thos. Webb, Esq., Pres. N. C. R. R. Hillsboro.
Hon John A. Gilmer, Greensboro
Col. Thos. Ruffin, Graham.
Hon. John Leitcher, of Virginia.

For terms of sales, entering Lands and all further information, address or apply to

PHIL THIEM, Agent,
June 28-271-3m Raleigh, N. C.

DR. LAWRENCE'S,

CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

THE GREAT SOUTHERN

Blood and Liver Medicine,

FOR SALE BY

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD,

RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICE $1.50 PER BOTTLE.

Recommended by distinguished Physicians, Chemists &c., &c.
June 26-271-tf

WILMINGTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. G. WORTH, N. G. DANIEL.

WORTH & DANIEL,

Shipping & Commission Merchants,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

DEALERS IN BAGGING, ROPE, IRON TIES, Lime, Plaster, Cement, Hair, Genuine Peruvian Guano direct from Government Agents.

Salt, Hay and all kinds of Coal.

Agents for Baugh's Raw Bone Super Phosphate of Lime.

Agents for the Philadelphia Southern Mail Steamship line.

Agents for Goodspeed's weekly Steamship line from New York.

Agents for Jonas Smith & Co's., line of New York sail packets.

Feb 6-154-6m

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE!

HAVING ATTENDED THE LARGE

Closing Auction Sales

Of the Season last Week, and procured

MANY VERY

DESIRABLE GOODS

SUITED TO THE WANTS OF THIS COMMUNITY, I AM PREPARED TO OFFER THE

BEST AND CHEAPEST

DRY GOODS

EVER OFFERED IN THIS CITY!

Among the many to be found, are:

500 yards real silk Embroidered Grenadines, in new style, worth $1 25, at 62½ cents.
1,000 yards real Silk Embroidered Grenadines, in new style, worth $1 50, for 75 cents.
1,000 yards Silk Embroidered Grenadines, in new style, worth $2 50, for $1 00.
Plain Black and solid Colored Grenadines, at correspondingly low prices.

These goods are just the thing for the season and much needed, as they have been very scarce and high.

2,000 yards neat, pretty Dress Goods, in all kinds of thin fabrics, worth 50 to 75 cents, for 25 to 37 cents

The best article for Travelling Dresses I ever saw, worth $1 50 for 62½ to 75 cents.

The most desirable shades of gray and drab Alpacas, at 75 cents to $1 00 per yard.

8-4 White and Black Crape Morets. Also Grenadines.

5,000 yards Black Alpacas; positively the greatest bargains ever offered in the market, at 50, 62½ 75, 87½ cts., and $1; worth in every instance double the money.

3,000 yards Black Silks, of the most approved makes, in Taffetas and Gro Gram, for 1 50, 1 45, 1 50, 1 75, 2 00, and $2.50. These prices are from 50 cents to $1 00 per yard less than any similar goods have been offered in this market.

1,000 Parasols, in every style and variety, about half price—say from $1 50 to $2 50.

Also, Sea-side and Promenade Parasols, very desirable for travelling, watering places, &c.

The largest and finest assortment of Real Point Lace Goods ever offered in Petersburg, for less than half their value.

Real Point Collars!

Real Point Collars and Cuffs!

Real Point Sets!

Real Point Lace Trimmed Handkerchiefs!

One real Point Applique Lace Shawl, a very valuable article worth $220.

10,000 yards of magnificent Lawns, from 20 to 50 cents, worth double the price.

The best Lawns ever offered in Petersburg for 25 cents.

1,000 yards Buff Linen Lawn, for Ladies' morning dresses; the most desirable goods in the market.

Also, 5,000 yards of Spanish Linen, Linen Coating, Linen Drills and Canvas Ducks, at 25 to 50 cents per yard, worth 50 cts. to $1.

Also, 100 pieces Canton Matting from 37½ to 65 cents per yard. Among them is the XX Imperial, the best Matting made.

It is not necessary to add more, nor to say I am selling lower than any one else. The public are the best judges of this, and I hope they will give their verdict substantially in my favor by their liberal patronage, and I will assure them I will leave no effort untried to please.

THOMAS SMITH,
No. 25 Sycamore Street,
Petersburg, Va.
June 20-266-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGE,

Mount Pleasant, Cabarrus County, N. C.

The next Scholastic term of this Institution will commence on the First Monday in August, 1867.

The course of study is be pursued in it through, the government firm and decided; the expenses very low; the health and morality of the community unsurpassed.

EXPENSES, U. S. Currency—For Session of 10 months:

Board, $10.00 per month,	$100 00.
Tuition, College Classes,	40 00.
" English Classes, (Preparatory)	30 00.
Room rent, Fuel, Washing, &c. about	25 00.

All indigent young men, maimed in the late war and incapacitated by severe physical exertion will be charged only *one half* of the above rates of Tuition.

For further particulars, send for a Prospectus.

Address,
L. A. BIKLE, A. M.,
Prof. Ancient Languages,
Mt. Pleasant, Cabarrus Co., N. C.
June 14-262-3m

PATENT IMPROVED METHOD OF

SINKING WELLS,

OR

THE NEW LABOR SAVING

ECONOMICAL PUMPS.

HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE AND exclusive right to the patent improved method of sinking Wells, for the State of North Carolina, we desire to have a good and reliable Agent in every county of the state.

As it is desirable for every family to have an abundant supply of water, on their own premises, for convenience, safety and economy, the sale of this Pump offers a fine opening for an enterprising man in each county, to engage in profitable business.

OUR PRICES ARE FOR No. 1 SIZE, $25;

No. 2, $30.

WITH A LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO AGENTS.

We have a No. 2 Pump in operation in front of our Store, No. 22, Pollock Street, which was sunk in an hour and supplies about 3,000 GALLONS of pure water per day. They can also be seen in operation at the Gaston House, and at other places in Newbern; also at Kinston Beaufort, Morehead city, and at many other places.

This is the cheapest and most speedy mode of obtaining water in any section, as you can exclude any stream of water reached, which is not satisfactory, and obtain only that which is most desirable.

Address correspondence for information, agencies or orders, to

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,
June 8-256-tf Newbern, N. C.

N. C. BACON,

2 bales Prime N. C. Bacon just rec'd and for sale at market rates.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
June 19-265-tf Com. Merchant.

COTTON GINS AND PRESSES.

MITCHELL, ALLEN, CO.,

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA, FOR HORace L. Emery & Sons Patent Universal Cotton Gins and Condensers.

This Gin has been selected by "The American" Commissioners for the Paris Exhibition, being superior to all others in the market.

April 1-200-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

BOOKS, STATIONERY, &c.

The North Carolina Publishing Company have on hand and for sale a large and varied assortment of

BOOKS,
LAW & EQUITY,
MEDICAL,
RELIGIOUS,
SABBATH,
MUSICAL,
STANDARD,
SCHOOL,
MISCELLANEOUS.

FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

ALSO,

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,
STATIONERY, &c.

Together with other articles common to a Book Store, all of which will be sold very low, for the Cash.

This Company is also prepared to execute, with neatness and dispatch, orders for printing

BOOKS, CARDS,
CIRCULARS, CATALOGUES,
HAND BILLS,
&c., &c.

Call at No. 1, Fayetteville Street, or Address,
W. H. CUNINGGIM,
July 4-280-tf Agent.

GREENBRIER WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS,

WILL BE OPENED 1ST. OF JUNE, 1867.

The popular and far-famed WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, in Greenbrier county, West Virginia, will be open the ensuing season for the accommodation of a large number of visitors, and will be kept in the best style by the Lessees, GEORGE L. PEYTON & CO., assisted by WILLIAM H. PEYTON, brother of the principal, both of whom are experienced hotel-keepers.

Near the White Sulphur is an excellent Chalybeate Spring.

Rosenberger's celebrated BRASS AND STRING BAND of Baltimore has been engaged for the season.

The rights of parties owning Cottages at these Springs will be respected upon their giving timely notice to the lessees of their purpose to occupy them.

The railroad will be completed to Covington by 1st. July; from thence to the Springs by stage, and a sufficiency of coaches will be provided to ensure comfort to passengers, as not over ten will go upon a single coach.

Cholera is unknown in the regions of the White Sulphur Springs.

GEO. L. PEYTON & CO.
June 1-252-6w

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

BY Virtue of a Decree of the County Court of Washington County, May Term 1867, I shall expose for sale, on Tuesday, 20th. August, 1867, at the Court House door in the town of Plymouth, the undivided interest of Joseph B. Roulhac, deceased, (which is the one half,) in the Swamp known as the "ROULHAC SWAMP" in Washington County—lying on the Turnpike and adjoining the lands of S. H. McRae, Hardy Everett, and others,—containing, by survey,

FOUR THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED AND SIXTEEN ACRES.

Said Swamp has a considerable quantity of Cypress Timber, has a fertile soil and presents every advantage, with sufficient draining, for one of the finest farms in the country.

TERMS: A credit of Six, Twelve and Eighteen months, with Two Hundred Dollars cash to pay costs and charges.

JOSHUA S. SWIFT,
Administrator, &c.
Plymouth, N. C. July 5-281-daw5w*

W. BOYD,

GROCERY AND PROVISION DEALER,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Buys and Sells all articles of Produce on Commission.

Orders and Consignments solicited.

W. BOYD,
June 24-269-3m Charlotte, N. C.

LOST.

Certificate, No. 185, for 15 shares of Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road Stock, standing in the name of D. M. Lewis, has been lost. As Administrator of D. M. Lewis dec'd, I shall make application to the Board of Directors for a Duplicate.

SAMUEL T. WILDER, Admr.
of DAVID M. LEWIS, Dec'd.
Louisburg, June 28-274-2aw3w

There cometh glad tidings of joy to all,
To young and to old, to great and to small;
The beauty which once was so precious and rare,
Is free for all, and all may be fair.

By the use of

CHASTELLAR'S

WHITE LIQUID ENAMEL,

For improving and beautifying the complexion. The most valuable and perfect preparation in use, for giving the skin a beautiful pearl-like tint, that is only found in youth. It quickly removes Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, Moth, Patches, Sallowness, Eruptions, and all impurities of the skin, kindly healing the same, leaving the skin white and clear as alabaster. Its use can not be detected by the closest scrutiny, and being a vegetable preparation, is perfectly harmless. It is the only article of the kind used by the French, and is considered by the Parisian as indispensable to a perfect toilet. Upwards of 30,000 bottles were sold during the past year, a sufficient guarantee of its efficacy. Price only 75 cents. Sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of an order, by

BERGER, SHUTTS & Co., Chemists
April 6—305-1ydaw 285 River st., Troy, N. Y.

CRISPER COMA.

Oh! she was beautiful and fair,
With starry eyes, and radiant hair,
Whose curling tendrils soft entwined,
Enchained the very heart and mind.

CRISPER COMA,

For Curling the Hair of either Sex into Wavy and Glossy Ringlets or Heavy Massive Curls.

By using this article Ladies and Gentlemen can beautify themselves a thousand fold. It is the only article in the world that will curl straight hair, and at the same time give it a beautiful, glossy appearance. The Crisper Coma not only curls the hair, but invigorates, beautifies and cleanses it; is highly and delightfully perfumed, and is the most complete article of the kind ever offered to the American public. The Crisper Coma will be sent to any address, sealed and post-paid, for $1.

Address all orders to

W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists,
No. 3 West Fayette Street, Syracuse, N. Y
April 6-1ydaw

FOR SALE.

Another large lot of N. C. Cut HERRINGS, in kegs and Bbls.; Family Roe Herrings in kegs and Bbls.; Gross Herrings and Roe in Bbls.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
June 8-256-tf Wholesale Grocers.

RICHMOND ADVERTISEMENTS.

ALLAN & JOHNSON.

WHOLESALE

Seedsmen, Nurserymen & Florists,

1306 MAIN ST.,

(UNDER ST. CHARLES HOTEL)

Richmond, Va.

Oct 12-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

STRANGERS VISITING RALEIGH ARE VERY politely invited to call at

WATSON'S GALLERY OF ART, AND EXAMINE THE MANY BEAUTIFUL

PAINTINGS,
OIL PORTRAITS,
PHOTOGRAPHS &c.

On exhibition at this establishment.

Photographs executed in the finest styles of the art.

Particular attention given to copying old Daguerreotypes &c.

J. W. WATSON.
Raleigh, June 4-255-tf

J. T. MORRISS & BRO.,

127 SYCAMORE STREET,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

—o—

W. H. MORRIS & CO.,

18 FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

Raleigh, N. C.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

AND

Manufacturers of all Kinds of Furniture,

—ALSO—

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Floor and Table Oil Cloth, Window Shades, Enameled Cloth and Floor Matting.

Call and examine our stock. Our motto is quick sales and small profits.

April 15-212-3m*

TO TOBACCONISTS.

It is a well established fact, that TOBACCO well flavored commands a better price and more ready sale than it does when not flavored or but badly so. Such being the case, would it not be to the interest of Manufacturers to use liberally pure flavoring materials, such as

Oil Aniseed,	Tonka Beans,
" Bergamot,	Gum Styrax,
" Cinnamon,	Mace,
" Citronella,	Nutmegs,
" Cloves,	Angelica Root,
" Geranium,	Orriss "
" Lemon,	Snake "
" Mirbane,	Valerian "
" Nutmegs,	Aniseed "
" Sassafras,	Cardamom Seed,
" Wintergreen,	Coriander "
Allspice,	Fennel,
Cinnamon Bark,	Gum Arabic,
Cloves,	Olive Oil, &c.

We have constantly on hand a large stock of the above articles; also, Branding Brushes and Inks of all kinds, which we sell very low.

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
May 27-247-tf Petersburg, Va.

FOR RENT.

The building lately occupied by the Biblical Recorder Printing Office, known as the old Register Office. Enquire on the premises.

HUPHAM & HUGHES.
June 4-255-tf

Valuable City Property for Sale.

ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE HOUSES and Lots in the City, (front of Nash Square) lately occupied by Mrs. Ruffin Tucker, dec'd.—The House contains 10 Rooms, all well furnished. Lot about 2½ acres, grounds beautifully ornamented with Shrubbery. Conservatory filled with the rarest flowers and garden of fine vegetables and choice fruit trees, all necessary out buildings, and well of pure water. Possession can be given immediately.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.
mar 2-175-tf

MILL GEARING.

Mill and Cotton Gin and Threshing Machine Castings, and Screws, and all kinds of repairing furnished upon short notice, at our Foundry and Machine Shops.

R. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
June 18-264-tf

GRAIN CRADLES.

Just received a supply of Sinclair's Patent 5 and 6 finger Grain Cradles—the very best make out. Orders solicited at once.

JAMES M. TOWLES.
May 28-tf Agent.

ATTENTION PHYSICIANS.

A Physician, enjoying a good practice in a thriving Village of 1500 inhabitants, on the Central N. C. R. R., is desirous of selling his house and lot, together with his good will, to some reliable and intelligent Physician, as he desires to go into other business.

For particulars, apply at
June 25-273-1m THIS OFFICE.

MEDICINES, &C.

SAUNDERS'

CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE PILLS.

RECOMMENDED BY THE BEST PHYSIcians. Purely Vegetable. No Calomel in them. Never Gripe; being Coated with Gum Tain are perfectly tasteless.

For regulating the Bowels, and for the cure of Bilious Fever, Bilious Headache, Constipation or Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Piles, Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Dizziness, loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, and all diseases where a reliable Cathartic medicine is required.

Dr. W. P. Mallett, who has no superior as a Physician in North Carolina, has examined the formula by which these pills are made and highly recommends them.

Col. W. J. Martin, the distinguished Patriot and Professor of Chemistry in the University of North Carolina, has analyzed them, and certifies that they contain no Mercury or any other mineral constituent whatever.

Call and get a Circular.

Prepared and sold by

R. B. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.
For sale in Raleigh by
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

THE

AMERICAN BITTERS.

The Great Southern Tonic,

AND THE MOST PALATABLE STOMACHIC EVER USED,

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA, DISORDERed Digestion, Flatulency, Sluggish Circulation of the Blood, Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid condition of the Stomach and Bowels. An Elegant Tonic in debilitated states of the Digestive Organs, or of the system generally. For the loss of appetite it is the most wholesome and effectual Tonic in the world. It strengthens nature and enables the system to triumph over disease. In wakefulness attended with tremors and general nervous derangement, it is peculiarly adapted, giving strength and tone to the nerves. To delicate Ladies and Children it is invaluable—and in fact whenever a pleasant and agreeable Tonic is wanted, this should be used.

Dr. Johnston B. Jones, one of the most scientific and well known Physicians in the Southern States, testifies to its great value, besides many others who have been greatly benefited by the use of these Bitters.

Prepared and sold by

R. B. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.
For sale in Raleigh by
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

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One year	10 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year	5,00
" " six months	2,50
Weekly Sentinel, one year	3 0
" " six months	1,50

THE SENTINEL.

WM. R. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

MONDAY, JULY 15, 1867.

THE ACTION OF THE HOUSE.

The telegram, on Saturday, brought us the intelligence, that, after several important amendments, the Senate bill on reconstruction, from the Judiciary Committee, had been passed by the House, and sent back for concurrence.

It may be the Senate may lose its propriety and yield to the House its demand to require of all State officers the "iron-clad" oath. This cuts the Gordian Knot at once, and prevents effectively the reconstruction of the Southern States, under the Congressional Reconstruction Acts. This defers reconstruction beyond the next Presidential election, indefinitely, or to a period when the North can colonize the South with men, who can take that oath, to fill the offices necessary for the conduct of a State Government. In the mean time, it abolishes all law and rule in the Southern States, except such as will be purely military, and inaugurates first in the South, what must be ultimately the condition of all the States, a military despotism.

The offices necessary for the proper conduct of the State government in North Carolina, (and it is equally true of the other States) if the test-oath is required, cannot be filled by the citizens of the State.

The object of the House, therefore, is evidently designed to defeat reconstruction on the basis of the Reconstruction Acts until after the Presidential election, or forever.—It may design, also, to administer a rebuke to Gen. Sickles for his letter to Mr. Trumbull,—Gen. Sickles, whose knowledge of the situation in the two Carolinas, is worth more for practical reconstruction than the knowledge of the entire House who voted for the amendment.

Should such a bill pass the Congress, with the iron-clad feature, while it will be the duty of *every* man to *register* simply to obtain the right to vote, it will be also the imperious duty of every man to vote against a Convention and every thing else, for which the bill provides, and the House will then have secured its object. We do not, however, look for this as the ultimate action.

PUBLIC TAXES.

We learn that the returns of the lists of taxables, for 1867, by the Clerks to the Comptroller, foot up, for 72 counties, $207,354. At the same ratio, the taxes under Schedule A of the Revenue Act, i. e. from the subjects listed directly to the list-takers, will be about $250,000. Add to this the probable returns from subjects taxed in Schedule B. & C, we will have probably about $300,000—the estimate of the Public Treasurer. Considering that the disasters of the war have rendered the census of 1860 totally unreliable in its statistics, we think Mr. Battle has been quite fortunate in his conjectures as to the aggregate yield of the Revenue Act.

While this act will raise nearly, if not quite, as much as the act of 1865-'66, the rates on most of the items have been much lowered. The poll tax is only fifty cents, one half that of 1865-'66, thus relieving the very poor people who lost their all in the late war. The tax on merchandise is only one fifth, on salaries and fees one half, nett income one half, &c., &c. This result has been reached by bringing in many items of property and business pursuits heretofore untaxed, so that all classes contribute their just share to the support of the Government.

The only complaint of the Revenue act we have heard has been from liquor dealers, but their complaints are founded more on the operation of county taxation, which is, this year, for the re building of bridges, support of the poor and other purposes, very heavy. The State tax is remarkably light—ten cents on the $100 value of landmonied capital, merchandise, &c.; one half of one per cent on watches, jewelry, pleasure carriages, salaries and fees, nett income, &c.; fifty cents on the poll, &c. In fact it is the lowest revenue act since 1848. Even the tax on liquor purchased is only two-thirds what it was in 1865-6—ten per cent; Mr. Battle's recommendation of five per cent having been doubled by the Assembly.

Notwithstanding the above facts, it is charged by hungry office seekers against the present State government, that it is grinding the people down by unnecessary taxation. No government can be supported more cheaply. We have repeatedly denied the statement, made by certain *orators* in the General Assembly, that there will be a large surplus of money in the Treasury.—The $300,000, raised in the Fall of 1867, is to support the State government, until the 1st. of Oct. 1868. The orators aforesaid blundered by adding $300,000 more to be collected in the Fall of 1868, being unable to understand that this latter sum must be applied to the expenses of the year ending 1st. of January 1869. It is fortunate those orators did not fill Mr. Battle's place, as, according to their schemes, for one-half of the year the Treasury would have been as dry as the Desert of Sahara.

CORRUPTION.—Mr. Thaddeus Stevens intimates that his party has become greatly demoralized, and is liable to become *effete* and to go under, from its *corruption*. If the tales that are told about Mr. Stevens be true, how can it be otherwise with a party controlled by such leaders? Rottenness in parties always begins with its leaders first; then the gangrene works downward among the rank and file. Perhaps the whole country never suffered so much from demoralization and corruption as at the present time, and the responsibility of its continuance and progress rests upon the Radical party, which alone claims the right to govern the country.

WELL SPOKEN.

In the course of a late debate on "Reconstruction," in the House of Representatives, the Hon. Fernando Wood, of New York, uttered the following forcible words:

"The people of the South are entirely indifferent as to whether or not you allow them to vote. They want bread. They want security to life, liberty and property. They want to be allowed to live in peace.—Give them that security. Give them rest.—Grievously have they erred, I admit, but grievously have they answered it. You punished them during the war. You punished them at the close of the war. And you have been punishing them every hour since the close of the war. Your military satraps are among them. The people have no rights. The negroes can butcher them, and do butcher them. White females are left at the mercy of the brutality of their former slaves, while if a white man inflicts the least personal punishment on a negro it is sent abroad to the country, and used as an argument for further oppressions and further injuries. Let all this stop. Let us be once more friends and brethren. Let us avail ourselves of their industry and agricultural products to revive the credit of the country, and to reduce the taxation which is now bearing us down."

It is, perhaps, stating the case too strongly, to say that the people of the South are *entirely* indifferent as to whether they are allowed to vote. As American citizens, they value, as it deserves to be prized, the *right* of suffrage, and they feel keenly the un-American and unconstitutional policy which excludes them from a voice in the Government, which taxes and makes laws for them. No people have a right to feel this deprivation more sensibly than the people of North Carolina, one of the "old thirteen," who enunciated, at Mecklenburg, those brave and true words which were subsequently plagiarized into the National Declaration of Independence.

While such is the case, however, there can be no doubt, so anxious are our people for repose and quiet, and an opportunity of repairing their shattered fortunes and developing their material interests, that they would surrender, in exchange for such an opportunity and for freedom from agitation and oppression, present and prospective, even the sacred muniment of the ballot-box. Give them rest and security to life, liberty and property,—give them bread for themselves and their families,—assure to them the products of their labor in the fruits of their teeming soil,—and, so far as they are concerned, the "voting" may be done by others.

Again, perhaps, the case is extravagantly put, when Mr. Wood alludes to the deeds of lawlessness and crime that are being perpetrated with impunity by certain classes in the South, though there is much of truth in what he says. In one respect, however, he is *not* mistaken: While outrages committed by "Red-Strings," so-called "Southern Loyalists," negroes, &c., are glossed over or not mentioned by the Northern press and politicians, the least instance of imprudence or wrong practiced *towards* them is magnified into terrible proportions, and used as an excuse for further vindictive and grinding legislation, and as an apology for military rule and the continued exclusion of the South from the privileges and benefits of the Union. The almost uniform kindness of our people for their former slaves is entirely ignored. The fact that many of the blacks are cared for, when sick, and fed, when hungry, and encouraged to labor and to elevate their moral, educational and physical condition, by their former "*oppressors*," weighs not a feather in the balance against some unpremeditated and isolated indiscretion, or against those occasional outbreaks of passion which are common to all society,—especially society as disorganized as that in the South necessarily is at present.

HISTORICAL EXAMPLES.

Caraot defended himself from the charge of having co-operated with the French Revolutionary Committee, in 1793, by declaring that "he went with them to impede."

Lamartine urged a similar apology, in response to the accusation that he had conspired with the Red Republicans in 1848.

Pool explains that he sought and held office under the Confederate government for the purpose of "embarrassing" it.

Thad. Stevens, and his followers, don't say it, but it is a fact that they engaged in the "War for the Union," with a secret view to destroying and subverting the Union.—Pool and Stevens were more successful than their Gallic exemplars.

INTERVIEW WITH THE PRESIDENT.

The Washington Correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial*, a Republican paper, publishes a long account of an interview with the President, held a few evenings since. The following is the concluding portion of the letter:

"I have not written it for the purpose of making out "a good case" for the President, and must leave the reader to judge himself whether it accomplishes that object or not. My own impressions as the result of the interview are these: That the President, whatever may be his opinions of the constitutionality or the propriety of the military law, never had any other purpose with reference to it than that of enforcing it justly and properly; that if he feels a little vexed when he finds Major Generals who never read a law book running a tilt with such a lawyer as Attorney General Stanbery on the interpretation of a statute, he is not much to blame; that he will not and ought not to allow Brownlow's militia to create bloodshed in Tennessee; and that he is very little concerned about the impeachment, which he evidently regards as a big joke."

MACK.

IN THE course of the discussion, in the House of Representatives, on the Supplemental bill, which passed that body, the Hon. James Brooks, of New York, said that "this was the proudest hour in his life, when he could make his remonstrance against the outrages and infamous principles of the military tyrannical bill."

Our Havana letter says that at late advices Santa Anna was still in prison and had refused food for three days. A branch of the fillibustering expedition, called "Maximilian's Avengers," is rapidly organizing in this city, and it is believed they will move towards Mexico in a few days.—*N. Y. Herald.*

THE OLD DOMINION.

Matters connected with registration in Virginia seem to be in a fog. Every paper in the State, except the Petersburg *Express*, urged, warmly, the people to register. The white vote in that State should far exceed the colored, yet the returns of registration, so far, exhibit a majority for the latter.—This has aroused some of the whites who were rather dilatory, and who now seem ready to go over to the Radicals, "horse, foot and dragoons." These indications strike us sadly, in view of the past noble history of the Old Dominion. Some, formerly true men, and men of courage, seem now tender-footed, slip-shod and craven-hearted. If they saw any chance to maintain their political consistency and yet have a chance to share in the rewards of party, they would doubtless remain in *statu quo*—they would have registered, and then vote for whom and for what they deem best for the State and the country, without regard to party. But they have become tremulous at the knees, and determined to declare publicly their affiance with the Republican party. If people knew and understood definitely the principles, the aims and designs of that party, and acted intelligently in the matter, then there might be some justification for their course, but to swing loose from old principles and against the convictions of right, in order to avoid being left out in the cold, looks badly.

We hope the people of North Carolina will act more wisely and from principle. Let every man *register*, who may be declared entitled by Gen. Sickles' order, when issued. That is the first and most important duty of every citizen, whatever may be his opinions of the plan of reconstruction.—Then let his course as to *voting* be determined, afterwards, by the true interests of the State and of the country, eschewing party alliances altogether. In the present posture of public affairs, nothing is to be gained, except perhaps for the sordid lust of office and for self, by allying yourselves with party. The white race, and we believe the colored race, will consult their own and the country's interests, by discarding all party alliances and by acting independently, according to their own convictions of what is right and best.

Correspondence of the Sentinel.

CATAWBA WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, July 11th, 1867.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—As the "heated term" is upon us, and as many invalids, and others, who are enervated and worn out from over work, &c., are looking about them to see where they can find a place where they can recuperate their lost energies, and throw off the cares and vexations of business, I desire, through your widely circulated paper, to draw the attention of all seeking recreation and health, to the virtues of these waters.

Having been a visitor here for several years, I am enabled to speak confidently of the great benefit which is derived by a large majority of those who resort here for health—in fact I know of no one who was not benefitted, if ordinary prudence was observed.

Besides the White and Blue Sulphur, there is an excellent Chalybeate Spring, with any number of Free Stone Springs, all convenient to the visitor.

Visitors coming here from Raleigh, and beyond, take the 4 o'clock, P. M., train for Salisbury, which place they reach at 10 P. M., and after a comfortable night's rest, they take the cars on the Western North Carolina Railroad at 6½ o'clock A. M., reach Hickory Station at 11 A. M., and from thence they are conveyed over a firm sandy road, and beautifully shaded by avenues of oak, for eight miles, in time to rest and dress for dinner.

The eight miles of staging should deter no one from coming here, as it is unquestionably the most pleasant part of the trip.

The proprietor, Mr. Wyatt, spares no expense to render his guests comfortable. He is affable and accessible to all, with a peculiar faculty of making strangers feel at home.

My motives in asking you to publish this communication are entirely disinterested. My desire is simply to give some information about this place, which may not generally be known, assuring all who may come that they will not regret it.

The water still flows as free, and the hills and valleys are as green, and the sky above us and the mountains as they stretch toward the setting sun are as blue, as when peace and plenty reigned in "the land we love."

CATAWBA.

For the Sentinel.

The leaders of the Radical faction in this State are growing desperate. Greedy for the spoils of office, they would move Heaven itself to get into power. At the close of the revolution they repudiated every principle of their lives to curry favor with the Federal authorities. They had not the foul stain of treason upon *their* robes. Like Peter, they swore they knew not secession.—They pressed the Union flag to their hearts and wept crocodile tears over it, ere the grass was green on the graves of those whom they had sent to do battle for their principles.—They vied with each other in their lick-spittleism. They did all this and more for office, and with what result is too well known. The honest masses of the State rebuked them at the ballot-box, as things to be spit upon. And now they appeal to Congress to aid them. They have meetings. They pass resolutions. They pray to Congress to remove the existing State rebel governments. These governments have passed the inspection of General Sickles. He has pronounced them to be good. At Chapel Hill, he said: "I take pleasure in bearing testimony, in the presence of the Chief Magistrate, to the good order existing in the Carolinas. They cannot hope that Gen. Sickles will aid them in their selfish partisan schemes. Gen. Sickles is a soldier. Brave men do not pander to party prejudices. They now appeal to a radical Congress. They say all legislation is vain; we only can reconstruct this government.—Who are these Cæsars? Who are John Pool and James Taylor, who are Col. Carter and Mr. Pou, Capt. Settle and Handy Lockhart, Jos. Holden and Tony Green?—What right have these Confederate officers, cotton agents and blockade runners, to bear the great banner of reconstruction?

Shame upon their loyalty. Congress will not reward them with a bone even. If they perjured themselves to embarrass the Confederate government, it will not purchase a seat in the U. S. Senate. If they offer rewards of money for the heads of traitors, the government will not even pay their way to St. Salvador. Their day is most over.—Spurned by the true Union men, black and white, of the State, their political carcases will soon fill the foul holes of corruption they themselves have dug.

S.

Special Correspondence of the Sentinel.

MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS OF THE N. C. RAILROAD,—MEETING OF THE DIRECTORS,—NEW OFFICERS ELECTED, &c.

GREENSBORO', N. C., July 13, 1867.

The stockholders of the North Carolina Railroad resumed their sessions on yesterday, at 9 o'clock, A. M.

The matter of the sinking fund came up for consideration, and, particularly, the exchange of certain securities, held by the Company, which was participated in by Capt. Berry, Mr. D. A. Davis, Mr. Cyrus Mendenhall, and Mr. John Long, of Cabarrus, involving considerable financiering.—The question was, whether the bonds had been judiciously disposed of? On motion of John W. Thomas, Esq., the matter was laid on the table.

The revision of the by laws was taken up; and quite a lively dispute arose on the subject of a regular place or places of holding the meetings of the Company—whether it be the Company Shops, or the six towns of Charlotte, Salisbury, Greensborough, Hillsborough, Raleigh and Goldsborough, in turn. As usual, the discussion took a wide range, and finally it was agreed to meet at Raleigh, Hillsborough, Greensborough and Salisbury, in turn, as heretofore.

The dead head system was discussed again, extensively, growing out of a proposition to allow Stockholders and families to have a free ride annually. It was decided to allow Stockholders and their families to go and return from meetings of Stockholders free.

So far as the dead-head system involves ministers of the gospel, it is the sentiment of the civilized world that a man who devotes his time, talents, and life itself, to the great and good work of laboring for the benefit of his race, to the exclusion of pecuniary advantage, feeding a family on stinted supplies, deserves to be prospered on his journey by a hearty God speed. There is not a class of men on the Continent of America who deserve more richly than self-denying ministers of God deserve it, the approbation and assistance of Christian communities. The same time, labor and talent would earn fortunes in any other avocation. When corporations fail to acknowledge their obligations to the Christian ministry they fail to recognize the means of their very existence; for they could not run a train of cars but for the word of God, that prepares the country for it.

It was decided to create the office of *Auditor of accounts*, for the Rail Road Company; and by-laws were enacted prescribing the duties of his position. Five dollars a day with the privileges of the Road were voted to the Directors.

The President's salary was fixed at $2,500 per annum.

Five dollars a day was voted the members of the Finance Committee, while on duty.

The discussion of the by-laws of the Company covered a very wide field, and, as is always the case, in all deliberative bodies, much extraneous matter was introduced, but one most desirable thing was evident, namely, a deep interest in the North Carolina Railroad.

Gen. Barringer, W. A. Caldwell, John Long, Gen. Johnson, Col. Clark, John Morehead, jr., Wm. Murdock, Maj. R. S. Tucker, Dr. De Rossett, and a number of other gentlemen, participated in the debates on the laws of the Company, and, in a manly and clear and intelligent manner, investigated the bearings and importance of each law, and produced a wise code, which, it is hoped, will be of good service. All felt the importance of rendering it a useful and efficient means of the improvement of our State.

It runs in the very direction for internal trade, and is admirably adapted to through business also. Together with its offspring, the Western North Carolina Railroad, branching off at Salisbury, it connects the coast with the mountains. Our people can trade their fish and wheat, oysters and mountain butter; the two extremes have an excellent facility for exchanging cotton and wool with one another, instead of going five hundred miles from our lines to accomplish it. And they may rest assured the more they do this the happier they will be.

There seemed to be a pretty general desire and effort to render the Railroad what is demanded by the times. Where there existed a defect, all seemed to desire to see it remedied, and in the main good feeling prevailed. It is by a united effort that any Company, State or country can be strong.—Let every individual, Stockholder or not, feel an interest in our great public works.—Patriotism, as well as annual dividends, calls loudly for it.

The President of the Charlotte & S. C. R. R., Col. Johnson, appeared before the Company, in behalf of the Columbia & Augusta R. R. (or Charlotte & Hamburg R. R.) Hamburg, S. C. is directly opposite to Augusta, Ga. It is proposed to connect Columbia with Hamburg or Augusta. Aid is asked of the N. C. R. R., to help the Columbia & Augusta R. R. The distance is 80 miles by the *new* route, against 140 by the *old* route, *via.* Branchville, and a difference of 6 hours to the through passengers.

The representation was made in an able manner, by Col. J. and the advantages of the new road to our road were set forth very clearly. All felt a desire to see it built. But in the present condition of the N. C. R. R., it was not regarded as a prudent step to incur additional liabilities.

Gen. Rufus Barringer introduced a resolution proposing to mortgage the property of the N. C. R. R. for the purpose of borrowing money to pay the old debts and meet current necessities of the Road.—This was referred to a committee, (G. W. Mordecai, Esq., Chairman,) who reported that the mortgage be for $1,500,000, and that $800,000 in bonds be issued. Carried.

The following officers were elected, viz: J. L. Morehead, Thos. Webb, D. A. Davis and Wm. Murdock, Directors on part of the individual Stockholders; and Wm. A. Caldwell, Rufus Barringer and W. B. Roberts, Finance Committee.

The Board of Directors held a meeting, after the adjournment of the Stockholders, and elected, as officers of the *Board*, (usually termed officers of the *Road*,) the following gentlemen:

President.—Josiah Turner.
Secretary.—F. A. Stagg.
Treasurer.—W. A. Caldwell, of Greensborough.

Raleigh is the place for the next annual meeting of the Stockholders.

ITINERANT.

Only a moderate business was consummated in commercial circles yesterday, though some commodities were quite freely dealt in, and for almost all kinds of domestic produce higher prices were obtained. Merchandise remained steady. Coffee was quiet. Cotton was rather more active. On Change flour advanced 15c. a 25c. per bbl., with a good demand. Wheat showed improvement of 3c. a 5c. per bushel. Corn was heavy for common, but firm for choice. Oats were a trifle higher and active. Beef and Lard were unchanged. Freights were dull. Whiskey remained steady. Naval stores were rather more active. Petroleum also was more active, but a shade easier.—*N. Y. Herald*, 12th.

A Polish chemist has invented a compound, one drop of which causes intoxication.

THE CONCLAVE OF PRELATES IN ROME—MUNIFICENT PRESENTS TO THE POPE.

A letter to the *Pall Mall Gazette*, dated at Rome, June 22, says:

"The number of priests dawn to Rome by the solemnities from every country, but particularly from France, is beyond belief.—They are already estimated at thirty thousand, and though this may be an exaggeration, their number certainly exceeds twenty thousand, and still they come.

The procession of Corpus Christi took place the day before yesterday, and was very splendid. It had a special feature in the number of prelates in its ranks, amounting, with the cardinals, to no less than 348. The bishops of the Latin rite all wore white mitres and white capes without any embroidery, and the cardinals were only distinguished from them by the satin work on their mitres. The Oriental bishops, with the archbishops, primates, and patriarchs, were, on the contrary, attired in all the magnificence of the East, their mitres embroidered with gold, and richly jewelled, and their diadems, which took the shape of an imperial crown, blazing with gems.

The Pope appeared, in spite of the doctors, looking very pale and jaded. The French priests assembled in thousands to see the procession, and, confident in their numbers, gave free expression to their zeal, knocking off the hats of those spectators who did not uncover at the proper moment.

The foreign bishops have brought the Pope some magnificent presents. Their donations in money alone amount to 1,500,000 crowns, or 7,500,000 francs, and their other gifts are of great value. Cardinal Mathieu, Archbishop of Besancon, has presented him with an ostensior several feet high, and having its massive gold disc enriched with diamonds and rubies of rare brilliancy. The Bishops of Canada have brought a work of art in the shape of a silver ship, with every detail beautifully executed. The ballast of this costly toy is composed of gold nuggets, and each of the cabins contains a heap of gold money from a different country. The masts and cordage are gayly dressed with bank notes of every color and from every country in the world.

A very old bishop sought an audience of the Holy Father, leaning on a large thick staff. Monsignor Pacca, master of ceremonies, told him he must first lay his staff aside, as the etiquette of the court did not permit of his carrying it into the Pope's presence. The bishop claimed exemption from the rule, and the Pope, hearing what was going on, ordered him to be admitted. Accordingly, he appeared before the Holy Father, and rendering his homage, stated that his diocese was so poor he had nothing to bring him but his stick. This the Pope took in his hand and found very heavy, on which he looked at it more closely, and perceived that it was formed of solid gold. The Archbishop of Mexico has sent the Holy Father 80,000 crowns, and an English bishop has presented him with the large sum of £100,000 sterling. The American bishops are said to be bringing an enormous tribute."

CHURCH IMBROGLIO.—There was some excitement in Berryville, Va., on Sunday last, because of military interference in church affairs there. Some three weeks ago the trustees of the E. M. Church at that place received an order from General Schofield commanding that a joint occupancy be given to the Methodist Episcopal (or Northern) congregation. One of the trustees of the E. M. Church waited on the military authorities here, and was directed to retain possession of the keys, but to open the church every other Sabbath for the disputants, until the matter could be disposed of finally. Two weeks ago, as per order, the church was opened at an early hour, but the malcontents refused to worship because the key was not in their possession. On Sabbath last the church was again opened for them at 6 o'clock in the morning, but the services were postponed until a military order, signed by Captain Chandler, was produced by one Boutwell, demanding the delivery of the keys to a certain party named in the order. This, Mr. Flagg, the gentleman having them in charge, refused to do, on the ground that the order did not come in proper form. The military were forthwith brought into requisition, and Mr. Flagg was arrested and brought to Winchester, when, after a short detention, he was released. The Rev. Mr. Mullen preached to a congregation consisting, we learn, of some twenty whites and seventy negroes.—*Winchester News.*

A SNAKE MONSTER.—The Marion (Ohio) *Mirror*, of the 2d inst., relates a snake story of no ordinary interest: Mrs. Richardson, near that town, had missed her little boy and went out in the garden to hunt him. To her horror she saw the little fellow (eighteen months old) literally enveloped by a monstrous snake. She heroically seized the snake in her hands and tore it loose. No sooner was he loose, however, than he made for the mother ferociously, and coiled himself about her person, attempting to strangle her, as he did the boy. She again seized him and disengaged herself from him, and killed him with an ax. The little child swelled up for several days, but has finally recovered. The snake was what is called the "blue racer," which does not bite but strangles, and measured ten feet.

GREAT MORTALITY AMONG CHILDREN.—Last week, the hot and damp weather in New York caused a great increase of the number of deaths. There were 472 deaths in New York city (an increase of 63 over the preceding week) and 258 in Brooklyn. Three-fifths of the deaths in New York occurred among children under five years of age. Measles and scarlatina killed 43 in New York and 25 in Brooklyn, and diarrhœal disorder—mostly in children—destroyed 67 lives in the former city and 67 in the latter. The increased mortality was experienced only in those districts that are either overcrowded or unclean and badly drained, or where all these evils co-exist.

JUDGE CHASE ON IMPEACHMENT.—The Washington correspondent of the New York *Times* says: Pertinent to the impeachment question, it may be said Chief Justice Chase has recently expressed the opinion very positively that the impeachment movement was one of great folly. He expresses no opinion as to the facts developed, but simply as to the policy of the movement.

STRANGE USE.—The strangest use to put a drunk man to that we ever heard of, was developed on the Central Wharf, yesterday. A drunk man was lying sprawled out on the wharf, when a horseman rode up, and seeing no other convenient place to hitch his animal, made him fast to the ankle of the drunken sleeper. This was certainly a novel, but nevertheless a good use, to put a drunk man to—a hitching post.—*Galveston News.*

In Canada the Ministers just appointed are to receive salaries of $5,000 a year each, and they are already agitating for an increase to $8,000.

It is rumored that General Sheridan is soon to be married to the daughter of Judge Foster, of Louisiana, who owns one of the largest plantations on the Bayou Teche.

The Chaplain of Congress is urged to pray mildly and to remember that Democrats cannot pray back at him when he asperses them.

GENERAL SICKLES' LETTER—UNIVERSAL AMNESTY.—General Sickles' suggestions to Senator Trumbull are such evidently as flow from his experience in honest efforts to enforce the law, and they indicate certain practical difficulties that the law should overcome. Congress will act wisely in heeding suggestions so well founded; but it is perhaps too late now to introduce into the law a measure that would so radically change its whole basis as would the proposed universal amnesty.—*N. Y. Herald.*

DIED,

In Haywood county, Tenn., on the 21st. ult., at the residence of Gilliam Bancum, THOMAS SCOTT, a native of Wake county, North Carolina, leaving a wife and three children. Mr. Scott's death was quite sudden—he being sick only a day and a half.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE VERY BEST.

We have just received a supply of the justly celebrated,

CYGNET CHEWING TOBACCO,

manufactured by Kingsbury and Thomas.

Apply early,

July 15-290-tf — PULLIAM, JONES & CO. Wholesale Grocers.

PRIME WHITE MEAL.

One hundred Bushels Prime White meal, just received by

July 15-290-tf — DOUGLAS BELL.

SOUTHAMPTON BRANDY!

FINE OLD RYE WHISKEY!!

I have in Store a few Barrels of Fine WHISKEY and old Apply BRANDY, above Proof, which I will sell in quantities exceeding one gallon.

July 15-290-tf — DOUGLAS BELL, Market Square.

COTTON GINS.

THE UNDERSIGNED CONTINUES TO CARRY on the manufacture of COTTON GINS, and would be pleased to furnish any one that may need any thing in his line.

The Gins are made of the best material that can be had, and the performance is warranted in every respect. No pay required, until the Gin is tested.

Repairing done to order. Having been engaged in the business for the last twenty-five years, I flatter myself that I understand it.

References given if required.

Raleigh, July 15-290-1m — SAM'L ROWLAND.

POSTPONED.

Our Fourth Great Auction Sale by Catalogue, of Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Hardware,
Cutlery,
Crockery,
Glass and China Ware,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
HATS AND SHOES,
AND MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES,

is postponed until Wednesday, the 7th. day of August, on which day, at 10 o'clock, A. M. at our Store, 58 Fayetteville St., the sale will commence, and continue on Thursday, the 8th.

July 15-290-td — PULLIAM, JONES & CO. Wholesale Grocers, Auction & Commission Merchants.

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENTS FOR

FAIRBANK'S PLATFORM AND COUNTER Scales, Evans and Watson's Fire and Burglar proof Safes, Marble Monuments and Tombstones, Carey's Sugar and Syrup Evaporators, Carey's improved Sorghum Mills, Sulky Plows, Cider Mills, &c., &c.

mar 29-198-1t

WAKE FOREST COLLEGE.

ALL APPLICANTS ARE RECEIVED WHO are actually prepared for the collegiate course in one or all of its Departments, or who are intending to prepare for the same.

The Collegiate course may be pursued with reference to an education purely Scientific or purely Classical. Each of the leading degrees conferred at graduation, however, requires such a blending of the studies of both branches, as will entitle its receiver to take rank as a scholar.

A student, provided he be fully employed, may devote himself to any one of the four Departments exclusively, and upon satisfactorily completing the studies of that Department will receive a degree of Proficient therein. The Faculty, however, recommend all whose time and talents will allow, to diversify their studies as far as possible. None under age are permitted to change the course selected without written instruction from parents or guardians.

THE DEPARTMENTS ARE:

I. Of Languages Ancient and Modern, } Prof. W. Royall and Adj. Prof. W. B. Royall.
II. Of Mathematics. } Prof. W. G. Simmons and Adj. Prof. L. R. Mills.
III. Nat. Science—Prof. W. G. Simmons.
IV. Of Belles Lettres—President W. M. Wingate.

The Fall Term opens on 1st. day of Sept. 1867.
Tuition (Fall Term) in Preparatory School $22 00.
" " Collegiate Course $30.00.
Board (table fare) per month $10, 12½ and 15.
Room rent, servant's hire, lights, washing, and fuel are extra, and may be had on reasonable terms.

June 29-275-d1aw2m — W. ROYALL, Sec. Fac.

FOR SALE.

The Subscriber has for sale a fine yoke of OXEN, and CART. Also, two or three good Milk Cows, that he will sell on moderate terms.

Clayton, N. C. July 12-288-2w — W. GASTON BANKS.

NEWS PAPER FOR SALE!

A SEMI-WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, SITUATED in one of the very wealthiest sections of Eastern North Carolina, at the terminus of four Railroads, and having a fine advertising patronage and good subscription list, is offered for sale on reasonable terms,—the proprietors wishing to engage in other business.

For further particulars, apply at

July 11-287-1m — THIS OFFICE.

TO MILLERS.

I need a Practical Miller at once, and will pay a liberal price for one that can conduct the business of a Manufacturing Mill.

Early application is desired

Apply to me at Ridgeway, N. C., Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road.

July 11-287-eod2w — W. F. COLLINS.

WANTED.

A Lady qualified to teach OIL PAINTING, and other ornamental branches, can obtain a situation, by applying immediately to

J. R. GRIFFITH, Lenoir, Caldwell Co., N. C.

July 11-287-eod2w

Henderson Collegiate Institute.

HENDERSON, N. C.

THE third session of this Institution will begin on the 15th. July 1867.

Terms per session of twenty weeks (half in advance, the balance on 1st. October:)

Primary Department, (Currency)	$20.00
Higher English	25.00
Classical	30.00
Incidental Expenses	1.00

Board, including washing, fuel, lights &c., per month $16.50.

For Circular, address,

June 26-271-3taw1m — FRED. A. FETTER, A. M. Principal.

SELECT MALE SCHOOL,

WARREN COUNTY, N. C.

The 5th. Session of this School will commence July 18th. and continue 20 weeks.

TUITION: Classics $25; Elementary Branches $20.

BOARD, including every thing except lights and towels, $75.

No deduction made except in case of protracted sickness. Location healthy. Neighborhood pleasant. Pupils will be met at Littleton Depot, if requested.

Address,

July 11-287-2w* — JOHN GRAHAM, Principal; or Rev. C. M. Cook, Littleton, N. C.

FAMILY GROCERS.

NOTICE!!!

My Store having been repaired, and my new Stock having arrived, I am again prepared to furnish my customers

"CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES."

I invite attention to the following carefully selected articles:

Prime Southampton Bacon,
No. 1 Refined Lard, (25 lb. Kegs,)
Family Flour,
Bolted Meal,
Javs, Laguyra and Rio Coffees,
Fine old Teas,
Sugars of all grades,
Molasses and Syrup,
Family Roe Herring,
Rice, Salt,
Soap, Starch, &c.

All of which I will sell at lowest market price.

July 13-289-tf — DOUGLAS BELL, Market Square.

PRIME CHEWING TOBACCO!

We have just received a very choice article of

Extra Sun Cured Chewing Tobacco,

Superior to that announced a week ago. Try it by all means.

July 2-277-tf — JENKINS & PERRY.

CORN! CORN!! CORN!!!

Another lot PRIME CORN, just received, which will be sold at lowest market price, by

July 9-285-tf — DOUGLAS BELL, Market Square.

HOES! WEEDING HOES! HILLING HOES!

Twelve Dozen "Elwell's" WEEDING AND HILLING HOES, Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, for sale at reduced price, by

July 9-285-tf — DOUGLAS BELL, Market Square.

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE NORTH AMERICA

LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY.

New Features and Advantages Which are Known as Belonging to no Other Company in the United States.

THE MANAGEMENT OF THIS COMPANY IS upon the Mutual Benefit System—the accumulated profits going to the assured.

This company makes a special deposit with the Insurance Department of the State, for which Registered policies are issued if desired, countersigned by the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York, certifying that such policies are secured by pledge of public stocks.

No other Company gives the assured a guarantee of this character or anything equivalent.

Thirty days' of grace are allowed on all renewed premiums, and the policy remains valid and in full force during that time.

No restrictions as to travel or residence abroad at any season of the year, outside the tropics, which gives a nearly world-wide and unconditional policy.

No higher rate of premium charged for stationary Engineers, Conductors, Baggage Masters, Mail Agents, nor in consequence of change of employment after the policy is issued.

Notes are not required by this Company, but a loan may be obtained on the policy for one third of the annual premium, which is cancelled by the profits applied as dividends.

Joint policies, including man and wife, are issued by this Company, and the amount insured is payable to the survivor on the death of either.

Our dividend, January 1st. 1866, was 45 per cent.

Dividends are declared annually, and paid on settlement of 4th. Annual Premium, on all our plans upon the full amount of premiums received.

Premiums may be paid annually, semi-annually or quarterly.

All policies issued by this Company are non-forfeiting, after two, in some instances, and three annual payments in others.

The per centage of premium receipts in 1865, over 1864, was 251 per cent; which is nearly double that of any other New York company.

Policies incontestable from any cause except on account of fraud.

For insurance in this Company apply to

P. H. CAMERON, Agent for State of North Carolina, Wilmington.
or
SEATON GALES, Agent for Raleigh.

July 4-280-eod3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. LACY'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

The exercises of this School will be resumed 18th. July 1866. Session of twenty weeks. Every effort will be made to give boys a thorough preparation for College or business. Terms, half in advance.

MRS. LACY'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES will be reopened on the 18th. July 1867. Session of twenty weeks. Terms as heretofore. Payment half in advance.

July 9-285-tf

DR. WILSON'S SCHOOL,

MELVILLE, ALAMANCE Co., N. C.

THE next session of this Institution will commence July 18th.

For circular, apply to either of the Principals.

REV. A. WILSON, D. D., } Principals.
DR. JNO. WILSON, }

June 14-263-2aw1wdasw

ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

The Fifth Session of my school will commence on Monday, 15th July, and continue to 18th Dec., 1867.

Monthly payment will be required.

Raleigh, July 2-277-3t* — JNO. T. WOMBLE.

FANS! FANS!! FANS!!!

Warm weather has come at last, and, with it 10,000 FANS OF ALL SIZES AND DESCRIPTIONS,

PAPERED, SILVERED, LINEN, FOLDING AND POCKET FANS.

We have bought out a Frenchman, who lately failed in New York, and we can now sell you a better Fan at 15c. than you ever bought before at 50c.

Call AND PROVOKE A BREEZE.

May 30-250-tf — W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

AGENTS WANTED,

To sell in every City and county in this State, interesting and popular works, the chief of which is the one entitled

WEARING OF THE GRAY,

by JOHN ESTEN COOK, Author of "Surry of Eagle's Nest." It has over 600 pages, and is embellished with several battle scenes, &c.

Agents make from $1000 to $1200, a year. One with a horse and $50 capital, can begin, and carry on the work progressively. Books will be sent by mail or Express, on the reception of the retail price, which is $4, $5, $6, according to the binding.

All applications and orders, must be addressed to me.

July 13-289-1w* — S. N. WHITSON, Gen. Agt. Raleigh, N. C.

AURORA BURNING FLUID.

WE OFFER TO THE PUBLIC THIS CELEbrated Fluid, and in doing so we feel assured that its superiority over any other FLUID OR OIL will give it a favorable acceptance with the public at large. It is NON-EXPLOSIVE. Free from any disagreeable smell.

It will not grease the hands.
It will not soil or grease the clothing.
It produces a soft and beautiful light.
It is not trying to the eyes.
It is the Cheapest BURNING FLUID ever offered.
It can be used in any Kerosene Lamp by changing the burner.

It has been most favorably received, and pronounced by judges to be the BEST AND MOST RELIABLE BURNING FLUID now in use.

We are prepared to furnish the trade with

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A *square* will be hereafter estimated at 15 minion lines, or 1¼ inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	2,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	3,00
One square two months	10,00
Each additional "	3,50
One square three months	12,00
Each additional "	4,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 15 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 each or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

MONDAY, JULY 15, 1867.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The public will find the *Sentinel* one of the best mediums of advertising in the State. Its circulation covers a larger area, perhaps, than any other paper.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Cotton Gins made and repaired: Address Samuel Rowland, Raleigh.

Messrs. Pulliam, Jones & Co., announce the postponement of their fourth Great Catalogue Auction Sale. It will take place on Wednesday, Aug. 7th.

Agricultural Ware-House, Labor-Saving Pump, &c.: Mitchell, Allen & Co., Newbern.

The celebrated Cygnet Chewing Tobacco: Pulliam, Jones & Co.

Prime Meal, Rye Whiskey, Southampton Brandy: Douglas Bell, Market Square.

PEACHES AND WATERMELONS are beginning to make their appearance, with regularity, in our markets. The yield of peaches promises to be very good. We saw some remarkably fine ones for sale on Saturday, but they were held at extravagant rates,—seventy five cents per peck. They will hardly command so much a bushel in a few days.

ITINERANT.—We are exceedingly obliged to our correspondent "Itinerant" for his many favors. His letters are always interesting and profitable, and highly appreciated by our readers.

WAKE COUNTY TAXES.—The following communication, addressed by W. H. High, Esq., Chairman of the County Court, to the Sheriff of Wake, will be read by tax-payers with pleasure. It has been handed to us, just as we were making up our forms, and we have no time for comment, if any were necessary. It speaks for itself.

RALEIGH, July 13th, 1867.

E. H. Ray, Esq., Sheriff of Wake County:

DEAR SIR:—The County Court of Wake, in imposing the tax for County purposes at May Term, desired to raise the sum of $24,000 (twenty four thousand dollars.) The list of taxables had not then been returned; it was altogether impossible to ascertain the amount of State Tax. It was necessary, under the law, for the Court to impose the tax for County purposes in proportion to the tax for State purposes, on all subjects in the same ratio. In order to be certain to raise enough for County purposes the Court levied the tax at *three* times that for State purposes. The list having been made out, it appears that *double* the State tax will be sufficient.

I feel sure that when the Court meets on the third Monday of August next, they will reduce the tax to this amount.

I take the responsibility and authorize you to collect, at present, from all tax payers, for County purposes, only *double* the State tax, leaving the balance uncollected. When the Court meets they can, if they choose, order you to proceed with the collection of such balance.

Should the Court agree with me in opinion, of which I have no doubt, this course will save the necessity of refunding; while if they do not agree with me, no harm done but a short indulgence for part of the taxes.

Your obedient serv't,
W. H. HIGH,
Chairman Wake County Court.

THE RALEIGH SENTINEL.—This deservedly popular paper is no less valuable to the Press of the interior than is light to the eye of an inquirer after reason and truth. We regard the *Sentinel* one of the best conducted Journals in the South and worthy the patronage of every man who can afford to take and pay for a newspaper.

Our columns, frequently, are filled with fruit gathered from its rich and fruitful branches; for which credit may sometimes be accidentally omitted. The telegraphic advices in the *Sentinel* are always *forty-eight hours* ahead of every other exchange received at our desk, and we hope the enterprise of Mr. PELL, the Proprietor, and his equally accomplished coadjutor in the editorial department, (Mr. GALES,) receives the reward justly due able and enterprising Journalists.

It taxes our modesty somewhat to publish the foregoing handsome compliment, for which we make our grateful acknowledgments to our expellent cotemporary, the Lincolnton *Courier*. We do so, however, for the purpose of calling the attention of the public to the fact, that the *Sentinel*, in point of news, is really far ahead of its cotemporaries. Our afternoon edition, especially, which goes West, contains the latest telegraphic news received up to the moment of going to press. A gentleman from the Western part of the State, largely engaged in business, informed us, a few days since, that the *Sentinel* was indispensable to him on account of its reports of the Northern markets, which were received, through it, from twenty-four to forty-eight hours in advance of every other paper. Such being the case, we would be thankful to friends along the lines of Railroad to use their exertions in extending the circulation of the Daily. By a little effort, on the part of those who already subscribe to the *Sentinel*, our Weekly and Semi-Weekly editions, also, could be largely diffused. Try it, friends.

STATE ITEMS.

MEETING IN STATESVILLE.—A large number of the people of Iredell County, irrespective of color, met in Statesville some days since, as we learn from the *American*, but have heretofore inadvertently omitted to mention. The meeting was presided over by Jno. C. Cowles, colored, and Messrs. A. Carson and J. E. Stevenson, white, acted as Secretaries. It was addressed by James H. Harris, colored, and his remarks are spoken well of.

A committee of five, consisting of Rev. J. M. M. Caldwell and Col. S. A. Sharpe, white, and Frontis Simonton, David Chambers and Isaac Stevenson, colored, reported the following unobjectionable resolutions, through the Chairman, Mr. Caldwell:

Resolved, 1st, That we are persuaded of the necessity of the people of this State shaping their political action according to the measures of reconstruction adopted and submitted to us by the Congress of the United States, and that we recommend our fellow-citizens most cheerfully and most fully to unite in seeking restoration of North Carolina to her rightful privileges in the Union.

Resolved, 2d, That we are opposed to confiscation in the South by Federal authority as a measure unjust in itself and full only of evil to the peace and prosperity of the country.

Resolved, 3rd. That we recognize our obligations as citizens of the U. S. to promote the intelligence, the moral improvement, and the material interests of all our people, and will frown upon any and every effort to produce alienation and trouble between the two races living in the South.

Resolved, 4th. That we believe it to be the duty, and the interest, of all our people, to unite as much as possible in electing men to office who represent those political opinions which harmonize most fully with the present and future prosperity of North Carolina, and of the United States.

The resolutions were received and unanimously adopted by the meeting.

—— The Washington *Index* says: "We have had placed on our table two cotton blooms and a boll, taken from the plantation of our friend, Gen. Bryan Grimes, of Pitt. He says that his cotton was *blooming* on the 4th, and the boll made its appearance on the 6th. It is the first that we have seen this season. The stalk from which they were taken was thirty inches high. Pitt is ahead of Beaufort so far—we give it up.—General Grimes is one of the most energetic and practical farmers in the State. We hope the cotton crop is not injured so much as our farmers thought, in spite of the heavy rains."

—— The Wilmington *Dispatch* says that a private letter from a gentleman in Lumberton states that, on Thursday last, a Wilmington negro, named Geo. Price delivered a most outrageous and blasphemous speech in that town. He was followed by "Parson" Sinclair, who endorsed all he said.

—— At a meeting held at Carthage, Moore County, on the 1st inst., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the Convention, five districts being represented, Jordan Barrett, colored, was nominated.

—— The Wadesboro *Argus* gives the following account of some of the "beauties of Radicalism" in that section of the State:

"We have been told that between two and three hundred negroes were sworn into the "Union League" in the neighborhood of the Striped House, on last Saturday night. On Monday morning six of the negroes employed on one plantation took a notion to "kick up," and during the row two of the negroes said that they were told at the meeting to go on this year and do all that was required of them, but that next year they would have a perfect right to do as they pleased—whether they worked or not. If they were hungry they could take food wherever they saw it. Had these negroes the authority to talk that way from anything that had been told them, and was the conduct of the negroes some of the fruits of the teachings they received on Saturday night?"

"Red-Stringism," under the stimulus of Capt. Whisky, splurged about town on Tuesday, and made a demonstration as it it would set the laws and civil authorities at defiance. The Sheriff was about, however, and two of the expounders of the faith paid a visit to the Court and they were bound over to keep the peace."

"During the celebration at Albemarle, on the 4th, a negro from the county was guilty of a very gross breach of the peace, and one of the Sheriff's officers attempted to arrest him. The negroes, assembled in town, rallied to his rescue, and acted in such a manner that the officer was compelled to let him go. They threatened that if the negro should be carried to jail, they would break into the building and set him free. The ring leaders are known, and will, no doubt, be properly dealt with. Whites, no doubt, instigated the negroes to their unlawful conduct."

The Radical papers of the South, which were designated by Mr. McPherson, Clerk of the House, to print the laws and treaties in accordance with the act of Congress to that effect, have petitioned Congress for an increase of the rate for advertising. They set forth that the South can be reconstructed only by the instrumentality of newspapers, and that the price allowed by the Government for advertising is entirely insufficient.

It is reported, apparently semi-officially, from Washington, that a majority of the Military Commission before whom Mrs. Surratt was tried united in a recommendation to President Johnson that her sentence to death be commuted. This paper was never seen by the President, nor had he heard of it until the matter was broached recently through the newspapers.

A sweet young lady says that males are of no account from the time the ladies stop kissing them as infants till they commence kissing them as lovers.

Two base ball clubs in New London rejoice in the titles of "Sozodont" and "Night Blooming Cereus."

Great changes are taking place. We were forcibly reminded of this the other day, in the following manner: We heard an old Whig and an old Democrat talking together. The former remarked that the *Enquirer* was now his paper, and the latter replied that the *Whig* was *his*.—*Danville Times.*

A Connecticut doctor claims that cancers can be cured by burning them with a sun glass, the heat of the sun having a peculiar effect.

Generals Grant, Meade, Canby and other military notables are at West Point, considering the expediency of adopting Upton's system of infantry tactics.

A little boy in New York made a kite of his father's 7-30's. Governments never went so high before.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Saturday Evening Dispatches.

"CO-OPERATION" IN VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, July 13.

Meetings of citizens were held in Rappahannock Co. and Danville, on yesterday, at which the Republican platform was adopted and delegates sent to the August Convention. Hon. Thos. S. Flournoy and Hon. Wm. Tredway participated in the latter meeting. The *Whig* has accounts of various similar meetings.

FILLIBUSTERING—THE FRONTIER, &c.

NEW YORK, July 13.—M.

The Mexican fillibustering expeditions here and in Buffalo are filling up rapidly.

Accounts from the fight with Indians at Fort Wallace say that six cavalrymen were killed, and the soldiers were driven into the Fort.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, July 13, M.

Cotton dull, 26½.
Turpentine firmer, 57@58. Rosin steady.
Gold $1,39½.

Monday Morning Dispatches.

"MAXIMILIAN AVENGERS"

NEW ORLEANS, July 14.

The following Proclamation is being extensively circulated on the Rio Grande border:

"Americans! shall the civilized people of a great Nation stand passive, and, by their silence, assent to the most barbarous act of the 19th century,—the butchering in cold blood, by a mongrel race of God-forsaken wretches, of a man who by treachery became a prisoner of war; for what else was Maximilian but a prisoner of war? * * * History teaches that the Mexican people, for nearly the last half a century, have been incapable of self-government, while Maximilian has shown to the world that he was the best ruler they ever had, and was doing all that a wise man could do to develope the resources of the country, until betrayed by Judas Iscariot, in whom he had trusted. * * * He was a brave man, and died as a pearl sacrificed to beastly swine. * * *

Americans! The blood-hound, Escobedo, has defiantly and insolently declared to the world that, before closing his military career, he hopes to see the blood of every foreigner spilt that resides in his country. Shall this be so? Out with this foul blot that stains the American continent!—Let us unite in our strength, that we may give public expression to our indignation, and let it fall on those who, in the eyes of the Christian world, are morally responsible for the death of Maximilian—yea even though it fall on a *Secretary of State*, whose "little bell" alas! did not tinkle to save the life of one of the best, men that ever lived!"

Signed, A NATIVE OF NEW YORK.

SUPPLEMENTARY RECONSTRUCTION BILL AS PASSED BY BOTH HOUSES CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, July 14, M.

The following is the text of the Senate Supplementary reconstruction bill, as it passed both Houses:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That it is hereby declared to have been the true intent and meaning of the act of the second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, entitled an act for the more efficient government of the rebel States, and of the act supplementary thereto, passed on the 23d, day of March, in the year 1867, that the governments then existing in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama Louisiana, Florida, Texas and Arkansas, were illegal and void, and thereafter the same governments, if continued, were to be continued subject in all respects to the Military Commanders of the respective Districts and to the authority of Congress.

SECTION 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the commander of any district named in said act shall have power, subject to the approval of the General of the armies of the United States, to have effect till disapproved, whenever in the opinion of snch commander the proper administration of said act shall require it, to suspend or remove from office, or from the performance of official duties and the exercise of official powers, any officer or person holding or exercising, or professing to hold of exercise, any civil or military office or duty in such district, under any power, election, appointment, or authority derived from or granted by, or claimed under any so called State or the government thereof, or any municipal or other division thereof, and upon such suspension or removal such commander, subject to the approval of the General aforesaid, shall have the power to provide from time to time for the performance of the said duties of such officer or person so suspended or removed by the detail of some competent officer or soldier of the army or by the appointment of some other person to perform the same and to fill vacancies occasioned by death, resignation or otherwise.

SECTION 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the General of the armies of the United States shall be invested with all the powers of suspension, removal, appointment and detail granted in the preceding section to district commanders.

SECTION 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the acts of the officers of the army already done in removing in said districts persons exercising the functions of civil officers and appointing others in their stead are hereby confirmed; provided that any person heretofore or hereafter appointed by any district commander to exercise the functions of any civil office may be removed, either by the military officer in command of the district or by the General of the army; and it shall be the duty of commanders to remove from office, as aforesaid, all persons who are disloyal to the government of the United States, or who use their official influence in an any manner to hinder, delay, prevent or obstruct the due and proper administration of this act, and the acts to which this is supplementary.

SECTION 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the boards of registration provided for in the act entitled "an act supplementary to an act entitled 'an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States,'" passed March 2, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, shall have power, and it shall be their duty, before allowing the registration of any person, to ascertain upon such facts or information as they can obtain, whether such person is entitled to be registered under said act, and the oath required by said act shall not be conclusive on such question, and no person shall be registered unless such board shall decide that he is entitled thereto; and such board shall also have power to examine under oath (to be administered by any member of such board) any one touching the qualification of any person claiming registration. But in every case of a refusal by the board to register an applicant, made in every case hereinafter provided, the board shall make a note or memorandum, which shall be returned with the registration list to the commanding Generals of the Districts, setting forth the ground of such refusal, or such striking from the list: Provided, that no person shall be disqualified, as a member of any board of registration, by reason of race or color.

SECTION 6. *And be it further enacted*, That the true intent and meaning of the oath prescribed in said supplementary act is (among other things) that no person who has been a member of the Legislature of any State or who has held any executive or judicial office in any State, whether he has taken an oath to support the Constitution of the United States or not, and whether he was holding such office at the commencement of the rebellion or had held it before, and who has afterward engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof, is entitled to be registered or to vote; and the words "executive or judicial office in any State" in said oath mentioned shall be construed to include all civil offices created by law for the administration of the general law of the State, or for the administration of justice.

SECTION 7. *And be it further enacted*, That the time for completing the original registration provided for in said act may, in the discretion of the commander of any district, be extended to the 1st. day of October, 1867; and the boards of registration shall have power, and it shall be their duty, commencing fourteen days prior to any election under said act, and upon reasonable public notice of the time and place thereof, to revise for a period of three days the registration lists; and upon being satisfied that any person not entitled thereto has been registered, to strike the name of such person from the list, And such board shall also, during the same period, add to such registry the names of all persons who at that time possess the qualifications required by said act who have not been already registered, and no person shall at any time be entitled to be registered or to vote by reason of any executive pardon or amnesty for any act or thing which, without such pardon or amnesty, would disquality him from registration or voting.

SECTION 8. *And be it further enacted*, That section 4 of the said last-named act shall be construed to authorize the commanding general named therein, whenever he shall deem it needful, to remove any member of a board of registration, and to appoint another person in his stead, and to fill any vacancy in such board.

SECTION 9. That all members of said Boards of Registration and all persons hereafter elected or appointed to office in said military districts, under any so-called State or municipal authority or by detail or appointment of the District Commanders, shall be required to take and subscribe to the oath of office prescribed by law for officers of the United States.

SECTION 10. That no District Commander or member of the Board of registration or any of the officers or appointees acting under them shall be bound in his action by any opinion of any civil officer of the United States.

SECTION 11. That all the provisions of this act, and the acts to which this is supplementary, shall be construed liberally, to the end that all the intents thereof may be fully and perfectly carried out.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 14, P. M.

A large mass of correspondence between the administration, General Grant and the District Commanders, has been published. The issues involved have been decided by the bill just passed. The correspondence shews that Grant strongly inclined towards the latitude claimed by the commanders under the old bills.

A bill passed the House appropriating $1,675,000 for reconstruction. During the discussion Eldridge spoke about the extravagance of the District Commanders, alluding to Sickles as a greater harlequin, than the commander at New Orleans, and had read by the Clerk a newspaper article, speaking of the display made by Sickles riding round Charleston in a coach and four.

Mr Bingham replied, that it was fitting a man who had lost a leg in defence of his government should ride in a coach and four.

The reconstruction bill has been signed by the proper officers of both Houses, and sent to the President.

FOREIGN.

PARIS, July 14.

The French Government hearing nothing from its Mexican minister, since the capture of Mexico, is about sending a strong fleet to Vera Cruz to protect him, or to resent indignities offered him.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

WILMINGTON, July 13, P. M.

Spirits Turpentine 50.
Rosin steady $2,65@$5,75.
Carn firmer $1,33@$1,35.

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER. RALEIGH N. C.

BACON	15@16
BEEF	11@20
BUTTER	30@35
COTTON	18@20
CORN	1 30@1 40
COFFEE	28@35
EGGS	20@00
DRIED FRUIT—Apples	$2 50@3 00
" Peaches, per bu.	none
FOWLS	25@50
FLOUR—Family	14 00@16 00
" Superfine	12 00@13 50
LARD	15@20
MEAL	1 30@1 50
MOLASSES	60@75
NAILS	9@10
PEAS—White	1 25@1 35
" Stock	1 10@1 25
POTATOES—Irish	1 75@2 25
" Sweet	1@1 50
RAGS	4@
SALT	3 25@4 25
SUGAR—Crushed	18@22
" Brown best	15@17½
" Common Brown	12@15

SPECIAL NOTICES

Gent's ready made CLOTHING and FURNISHING GOODS,

AT COST

For thirty days only.

at M. ROSENBAUM'S.

July 2-277-tf

YOUR LAST CHANCE!

Only two more cases of those find CALF BOOTS at $4,00,

at

M. ROSENBAUM'S.

July 2-277-tf

LIME, PLASTER, CEMENT AND HAIR.

A Large Supply always on hand and for sale on most favorable terms by

WORTH & DANIEL,
Wilmington, N. C.

P. S. MONTHLY RECEIPTS OF FRESH LIME FROM MAINE.

July 11-287-6m

FREE TO EVERYBODY.

A Large 6 pp. Circular, giving information of the greatest importance to the young of both sexes.

It teaches how the homely may become beautiful, the despised respected, and the forsaken loved.

No young lady or gentleman should fail to send their Address, and receive a copy post-paid, by return mail.

Address P. O. Drawer, 21,
April 6-265-1ydaw Troy, N. Y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

MISS FRANCES A. HAYWOOD WILL REOPEN HER School, on Monday, July 22nd. 1867, at the residence of Miss E. E. Haywood, East of the State Bank.

July 11-1w*

TRINITY COLLEGE.

THE next Term will commence Aug. 14.

Tuition,	$20 to 30 per. Session.
Board,	$12 per month.
Washing	75cts. to $1,00 per month.

Payment in currency in advance.

July 11-287-td B. CRAVEN.

FARM VALLEY ACADEMY,

LENOIR COUNTY, N. C,

The second session of this institution will commence on the 23d. July inst.

It is a school for both sexes, and every attention will be paid to the improvement of the students.

TERMS: In the English department per session $15.00.

Latin and higher branches of English per session $20 00.

C. C. LOVEJOY.

Kinston, July 11-287-1w*

CHARLOTTE FEMALE INSTITUTE,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REV. R. BURWELL,
JOHN B. BURWELL, A. M. } Principals.

THE next Session commences on the 1st, day of October and continues until 30th. June, 1868.

For Circular and Catalogue, containing full particulars as to terms, &c., address,

REV. R. BURWELL & SON.
Charlotte, July 12-286-3tawtOct 1.

COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS.

THOMASVILLE FEMALE COLLEGE.

THOMASVILLE, N. C.

REV. D. R. BRUTON, A. M., PRESIDENT, and Professor in Mental and Moral Philosophy and Belles Lettres.

JOHN M. DAVIS, A. M., Professor in Mathematics and Ancient Languages.

——, Professor in Natural Sciences.

Mrs. NANCIE S. DAVIS, Teacher in English Literature and Assistant in Music.

Miss THEO. A. WELFARE, Teacher of French and Assistant in English.

Miss CARRIE M. BUTORER, Teacher in Music.

——, Teacher in Oil Painting, Drawing &c.

Mrs. M. W. DAVIS, Matron.

The Fall Term of the next Collegiate year will commence on Thursday, 30th. of July, and close 20 weeks thereafter.

For Catalogue, giving full particulars, address the President.

June 28-274-4w

FEMALE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,

WARRENTON N. C.

THE *fifty third* session of this Institution will commence on the 17th. of July, with a full corps of experienced and efficient instructors.

The course of study extensive, instruction thorough and systematic. Government parental, and attention paid to refinement of taste and manners; as well as to developing the intellect and storing the mind. Warrenton is noted for healthfulness; and a favorite resort of persons from the Eastern part of the State, during the sickly seas n.

Pupils received at all stages of the session, and boarded through vacation if desired. For Circulars, and further particulars address either Rev. M. M. MARSHALL, Mrs. M. J. WILCOX, or Rev. Wm. HODGES, D. D.

June 21-267-d2m

KITTRELLS SPRINGS FEMALE COLLEGE,

(WITHIN TWO HOURS RIDE OF RALEIGH, AND A HALF MILE OF KITTRELL'S DEPOT, RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL ROAD.)

THE next Session will open on the 17th. July. The Catalogue for the past scholastic year shows 178 boarders, which fact speaks for itself as to the popularity of the School.

Terms moderate and accommodating. Every room has been renewed. New mattresses &c., &c. C. B. RIDDICK, President.

June 21-267-1m* Kittrells Springs, N. C.

YADKIN COLLEGE AND

B. F. SEMINARY,

Davidson County, N. C.

THE above Institutions will open, in buildings a mile apart, August 1st. 1867.

The President of the Institutions will be assisted by the necessary Teachers.

The duties of the two schools are positively distinct.

Students can board with private families, if they prefer. Our boarding-houses and offices have been re-arranged, so as to insure comfort.

Books, clothing, &c., kept on hand, near by, for accommodation at a small per cent.

The President hopes to be able to enter two young men from ten different counties for the next session, and perhaps longer, and wait with them until they can pay by teaching or otherwise. They must be over twenty, some one in body, and willing to observe certain rules, a copy of which they will receive on application.

EXPENSES FOR A SESSION OF TWENTY WEEKS:

Tuition, from $5.00 to $20 00. Payment in advance.
Board, $45.00.
Entrance, $1.00.
Board is $10.00, if paid by the month.
For further information, address,

Rev. G. W. HEGE, A. M.
July 3-278-dawawlawiw. President.

MISS MANGUM'S PRIVATE SCHOOL.

The tenth Session of Miss Mangum's School for Young Ladies, at the residence of her mother, Mrs. Willie P. Mangum, will commence on the 1st. of August, 1867.

For Circulars, address,

Miss M. P. MANGUM,
Care of Dr. J. F. CAIN,
June 12-269-6w Hillsboro, N. C.

FRANKLINTON MALE ACADEMY,

Will resume duties on 22d. July 1867. Tuition per session from $14 to $31.

Board per month $12 to $15. For Circulars address,

GEO. W. NEAL, A. M. Principal.
June 27-272-tf

SELECT BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,

HILLSBORO, N. C.

MISSES NASH AND MISS KOLLOCK, PRINCIPALS.

The Fall Term of 1867 will open on the 26th. July, and continue twenty weeks.

Circulars forwarded on application.

June 3-253-3m*

SELECT SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES

The next Session of Mrs. HOWELL'S Select School will commence July 18th. 1867.

English Branches Music, French and Latin will be thoroughly taught.

For particulars, address,

MRS. V. C. HOWELL,
July 9-285-co12w Raleigh, N. C.

OXFORD FEMALE ACADEMY,

GRANVILLE COUNTY, N. C.

REV. H. G. HILL, PRINCIPAL.

THE Fall Session opens Thursday, the 25th. July 1867.

Circulars forwarded upon application.

June 19-265-2awtw

BELMONT SCHOOL,

Granville County, N. C.

The FALL SESSION of 1867 begins July 11th.

Boys arriving at Henderson, N. C. at the proper time, will find prompt conveyance.

For Circulars, address,

R. H. GRAVES,
June 28-273-2wdaswlm Oxford, N. C.

WASHINGTON COLLEGE,

LEXINGTON, VIRGINIA.

GEN. R. E. LEE, PRESIDENT, aided by a corps of twenty Instructors, including a Professor of Law.

The next session will begin on 3rd. Thursday in September, and end on 3rd. Thursday in June. Lexington may be reached by stage from Staunton or Goshen on the Virginia Central Rail Road; from Lynchburg by canal, or by stage from Bonsack's on the Va. & Tenn. Rail Road.

For further particulars apply to Clerk of the Faculty for Catalogue.

July 2-276-5w

LOUISBURG FEMALE COLLEGE,

FRANKLIN Co., N. C.

The Fall Session will begin on the *Fourth Wednesday* in July.

Superior advantages are here offered to a limited number of pupils. Location pleasant and healthful. Course of study extensive. Instruction thorough and systematic. Standard of attainments high. Religious advantages ample. Terms reasonable. For Catalogues containing full particulars, apply to

F. M. JONES,
June 10-258-tf President.

DAVENPORT FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE SUMMER AND FALL TERM OF THIS Institution opens the 3rd. of July 1867, with a full corps of experienced teachers.

Board $11.00 per month.

Tuition the same as in other Institutions of like grade.

For Catalogue address,

J. R. GRIFFITH,
July 11-287-eod2w Lenoir, Caldwell Co. N. C.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

FOR SALE,

VERY FINE BLACKBERRY WINE, made last year.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 5-281-tf Wholesale Grocers

CORN.

1,500 Bushels Corn for sale.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 1-276-tf Wholesale Grocers.

SUPERIOR N. C. WHISKEY,

In Bbls and Cases, of the make of Nick Williams and others.

N. C. Family Flour, Dried Peaches and Apples, Fresh Mountain Butter, &c.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
June 8-256-tf Wholesale Grocers.

LARD.

50 Kits Sweet White Lard, for family use, just received.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 10-286-tf Wholesale Grocers.

ON CONSIGNMENT.

10 Barrels Yadkin Co., Rye Whiskey,
30 Five and ten gallon Kegs, "
10 Barrels selected Corn, "
10 " Rectified "
5 " Apple Brandy,
80 Gals. Scuppernong Wine,
40 " Old Madeira "
40 " Sherry "
25 " Old Cognac Brandy,
25 " Rose Gin "
40 Cases Starch Wine,
20 Baskets Champagne, "
5 Casks 40 doz. Knox & Son's Sparkling Ale,
10 Cases Haw River Rye Whiskey,

All of above we know to be good and we will sell to suit the times.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
Commission Merchants.
Raleigh, June 18-264-tf

HERRINGS! HERRINGS!! HERRINGS!!!

50 Barrels N. C. Cut Herrings,
50 " No. 1, Gross Herrings, Norfolk Inspection.
Barrels Cocoa Nuts.

Just received and for sale by

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
July 1-276-tf

SMUT MACHINES!

"McMANNEN'S *Celebrated Smut and Screening Machine*,"—the best in the world.

We are Agents for the sale of the above, and will furnish the same at manufacturer's prices.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
July 11-287-tf Raleigh, N. C.
Standard and Progress copy.

TO FARMERS.

H. L. Emory & Son's Cotton Gins.
Eagle, " "
Brown, Clemmons & Co's. Georgia Cotton Gins"
Daniel Pratts' reliable " "
Ingersoll's Cotton Press,
H. L. Emory & Son's Railway Horse Powers,
Hutchinson's Patent Cider and Wine Mill,
Scully's Cider and Wine Mill,
All kinds Leather and Gum Belting,
Plantation Bells,
Union and Doty's Washing machines,
Collins' Cast Steel Plows,
Fruit Trees, Shrubbery, &c.,

We are agents for the sale of all the above, and propose to sell at manufacturer's prices, and warrant all we sell.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

BEG TO REFER TO

A. T. Mial, Wake Co.
D. Hinton, " "
G. W. Mordecai, " "
Dr. W. J. Hawkins, Raleigh & Gaston R. R. Co.
Col. J. M. Hook, Warren, Co.
Raleigh, N. C. July 10-286-tf
Standard and Progress.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ST. JAMES HOTEL,

NEW ORLEANS.

PROPRIETORS:

WM. A. HURD,.....Of New Orleans.
W. F. CORKERY, Spottswood Hotel, Richmond.

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD OFFICES,

IN ROTUNDA OF HOTEL.

July 4-280-3m

VIRGINIA SPRINGS.

The following celebrated VIRGINIA SPRINGS, of easy access by railroads and short stage lines, over good roads, in comfortable coaches by contract limited to ten passengers, will be open for visitors ON AND AFTER THE 1ST OF JUNE 1867:

WHITE SULPHUR,
GREENBRIER COUNTY, W. VA.

SWEET SPRINGS AND SALT SULPHUR SPRINGS,
MONROE COUNTY, W. VA.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Jackson River depot until about 10th. July, when the railroad will be run to Covington; and from Bonsack's, on the Virginia and Tennessee railroad, via stages.

HOT SPRINGS,
HEALING SPRINGS, and
BATH ALUM SPRINGS,
BATH COUNTY, VA.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Millboro' depot.

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS,
ROCKBRIDGE COUNTY, VA.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Goshen depot.

AUGUSTA WHITE SULPHUR ALUM SPRINGS,
(FORMERLY STRIBLING'S.)

Route via Central railroad to Staunton, thence by stages to the Springs.

ALLEGHANY SPRINGS,
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, VA.

Route via Virginia Central, Orange and Alexandria, to Shawsville depot, on Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

COYNER'S SULPHUR SPRINGS,
BOTETOURT COUNTY, VA.

Route as above to Coyner's Springs station, Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

THROUGH TICKETS

can be procured at the principal cities West, North, and South, to all the above named Springs.

THE PROPRIETORS

of the above Springs have provided an entire outfit of

NEW FURNITURE, &c.

in all departments, and will use every effort to make visitors satisfied.

May 30-250-4m*

BUFFALO SPRINGS,

MECKLENBURG COUNTY, VA.

THIS well known Watering place, newly improved and fitted up, is now open for

THE RECEPTION OF GUESTS.

THE FOLLOWING TARIFF CHARGES HAS BEEN ADOPTED:

BOARD, PER DAY	$ 2,50.
" " WEEK	12,50.
" " MONTH	35,00.

CHILDREN AND SERVANTS HALF PRICE!!

After June 15th. the Regular HACKS,

FROM THE SPRINGS WILL MEET PASSENGERS

From Richmond at Scottsburg depot, every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, and from Danville every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

A BAND

Has been engaged for the season, and other Amusements are provided.

T. PAXSON,
June 3-253-2m Proprietor.

LIFE INSURANCE.

ASSETS OVER

$15,000,000,00

INCOME OVER $6 500,000.

CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

The Largest Life Insurance Company in the World!

IT HAS NO STOCK CAPITAL; THE FIFTEEN Million Dollars all belong to the Policy holders, which now exceed 44,000, and not withstanding the payment of a sixty per cent dividend last year, there is now a surplus of over 6,000,000,00. It has had, through its entire history, the smallest average expenses, and, therefore, it is the safest and cheapest Life Insurance Company in existence.

"That Company in which the average expenses are the lowest and the rate of interest obtained on investments is the highest (other things being equal,) affords life insurance at the least cost; also that Company is the safe in which the largest number is insured."

THAT COMPANY IS THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL.

This Company gives the Policy holder a credit or forbearance of one half his premium, and in case of early death, the dividends will always equal the number of out-standing credits.

All policies non-forfeitable by their terms. No extra charge made on policy holders living in this State.

SAMUEL D. WAIT,
General Agent for N. C.

Office with P. P. PESCUD, Agent for Raleigh and vicinity.

June 15-261-1m

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

THOS. BRANCH & CO.,

No. 1015 Main Street,

(OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,)

Richmond, Va.;

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,

No. 8 Old Street

PETERSBURG, VA.;

BRANCH, SONS & CO.,

Broad Street,

AUGUSTA, GA.,

BANKERS,

AND

Commission Merchants,

We are paying the highest rates for Bank Notes and Southern Securities; will hand returns with check on New York, Richmond or Petersburg, for all packages sent to our care, at best rates.

We will buy old North Carolina Bonds, Coupons, Registered, scratched &c, also detached coupons.

Railroad Stock bought and sold.

The following are the present rates of our Petersburg House for N. C. Bank notes, and are liable to changes—the highest rates paid when notes are received.

Bank of Cape Fear	.26
" Charlotte	.24
" Clarendon	.3
" Commerce	.15
" Fayetteville	.9
" Lexington	.14
" " at Graham	.23
" North Carolina	.45
" Roxboro'	.50
" Thomasville	.50
" Wadesborough	.52
" Washington	.13
" Wilmington	.22½
" Yanceyville	.4
Commercial Bank Wilmington	.22½
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina	.25
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co	.6
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	.50
Miners' and Planters' Bank	.33

Thos. Branch & Sons will forward from Petersburg, free of commission, all consignments to THOS. BRANCH & CO., Richmond.

Feb 6-154-

RAILROADS.

GREAT DOUBLE TRACK

NATIONAL ROUTE

TO THE WEST.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO AND RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL ROADS.

PERSONS wishing to travel or *Emigrate* to the *Western* and *South Western* States from this part of *North Carolina*, are informed, that permanent arrangments have been made between the above Rail Roads, by which Passengers can obtain through tickets, at the Office of the *Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road at RALEIGH*, to

St. Louis, Mo.
Cincinnati, Ohio.
Chicago, Ill.
Indianapolis, Ind.
Cleveland Ohio.
St. Josephs, Mo.
Cairo, Ill.
Memphis, Tenn.
Louisville, Ky.
Milwaukie, Wis.
Detroit, Mich.
Pittsburg, Pa.
Kansas City, Mo.
Columbus, Ohio.

and all Western and South Western Cities.

Passengers *goin West from Raleigh, via the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road*, can either take the *Route, via. Portsmouth and Bay Line of Ste

THE SENTINEL.

MONDAY, JULY 15, 1867.

PRESS ONWARD.

BY AUGUSTA TREADWELL.

Young man, be up and doing,
Wring from the world a name!
Bid idleness and sloth depart,
Climb up the hill of fame.

Resolve to be a hero
In what you undertake;
Be first and foremost in the throng,
Active and wide awake.

Forget the past, press onward,
The present is your own:
Resolve, each evening's sunset
Shall find your duties done.

'Tis only by endeavor,
By stern and earnest will,
You can succeed in climbing
Fame's steep and rugged hill.

Yet, with a manly purpose,
And mind that knows not fail,
No barrier can interpose,
But which you may not scale.

Care not for scoffs or idle jeers,
All flattery despise,
"Excelsior," your motto be,
Onward and upward rise.

REMARKABLE DOG.

The following remarkable dog story was communicated to the Sunday School Visitor, a few years ago, by the learned and pious A. P. Greene, D. D., of Tennessee. We may have published it before. It will do to read again:

"Did you ever notice what a very small amount of education the dogs receive? We learn them their name—which they obtain a knowledge of very soon—we learn them to "get out," "begone," "here! here! here!" and "sick! sick! sick!" and then their education stops; but I would judge that as the length of time it takes them to learn this much is so very short, we could teach them a great deal more, if we were to try.

I will here give the account of a dog that I was well acquainted with. He lived for several years in the town of Clarksville, Tenn., and almost every citizen of the place was acquainted with him.

He made his appearance on entering the town at the hotel, the place where other strangers were generally first seen. He did not register his name and call for a room, but he went into the back yard and laid himself down to rest, but soon rendered himself useful by keeping all dogs out of the back yard, by which service he earned his supper.

The next place where he made his appearance was at the Presbyterian Church, which he attended for a while with great regularity and promptness, not merely going when the bell rang for preaching, but went to the prayer meeting, which was not announced by the bell. From the fact that he attended the Presbyterian Church altogether, the boys called him Calvin. He never went to Church with any person, or kept the company of any other dog. He had two other places of visiting; one was the Democratic meetings whenever they came off, and he went to market every morning. And without any election or appointment in any way, he became town constable, in so far as keeping order at the market house, not suffering a hog or any other dog to trouble any article that might be in the market house. In this service he was perfectly impartial. He took as much interest in minding the property of one person as another, never touching anything himself. But he was always rewarded by the persons attending the market, for at the end of the marketing hour they handed over to him enough provisions to last him during the day, which he, in the most orderly manner, carried home in his mouth.

So things went on for some time, till at last Dr. Bascom had an appointment at the Methodist Church. Some one said that Calvin would be at the Methodist Church next Sunday; he would go to hear Bascom, certain. Sure enough, when Sunday came he made his appearance at the Methodist Church, and seemed to listen to the Doctor with great interest, and after this was never again known to attend the Presbyterian Church, but attended the Methodist Church ever after. He also changed his politics, and went ever after to the Whig meetings.

I have preached to this dog frequently.—He had his regular place in the aisle close to the head of a certain pew. Here he would lay himself down, with his head to the preacher, looking him in the eye and listening attentively. I never knew him to go to sleep in Church, or to get up and go out in time of service, or leave the Church before the congregation was dismissed.—He was the wonder of all who knew him. He came to his end by taking up some poisoned bait that had been set for some other dog. A lengthy notice was published of him at the time in the papers. So lived and died this singular dog."

Some years since, in the county of Penobscot, Maine, there lived a man by the name of H——, whose greatest pleasure was in tormenting others. His own family was generally the butt of his sport. One cold and blustering night he retired to bed at an early hour, his wife being absent at a neighbor's. Some time after, she returned. Finding the door closed, she demanded admittance.

"Who are you?" cried Mr. H.

"You know who I am. Let me in; its very cold."

"Begone, you strolling vagabond! I want nothing of you."

"But I must come in."

"What is your name?"

"You know my name—it is Mrs. H."

"Begone! Mrs. H. is a very likely woman. She never keeps such late hours as this."

"If you do not let me in, I will drown myself in the well," Mrs. H. replied.

"Do, if you please," replied the husband.

She at that time taking a fog plunged it into the well, and retired to the side of the door.

Mr. H., hearing the noise, rushed from the house to save, as he supposed, his drowning wife. She at the same time slipped in and closed the door after her.

Mr. H. almost naked, in turn demanded admittance.

"who are you?" she demanded.

"You know who I am; let me in, or I shall freeze."

"Begone, you theivish rogue; I want nothing of you here."

"But I must come in."

"What is your name?"

"You know my name—it is Mr. H."

"Mr. H. is a very likely man. He don't keep such late hours."

Suffice it to say, after keeping him in the cold until she was satisfied, she opened the door and let him in.

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGRICULTURAL HOUSE AND HARDWARE STORE.

SELL EVERY ARTICLE NEEDED BY THE Coach and Harness Maker; Rims, Spokes, Hubs, Axles, Enamelled Leather and Cloth, Harness Leather and Trimmings, Saddles, Harness, Bridles, &c., &c.

April 9-269-1y

GENERAL ORDER NO. 32.

HEADQUARTERS, 2ND MILITARY DISTRICT,
Charleston, May 30.

General Orders No. 32.

1. Any citizen, a qualified voter according to the requirements of the Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2nd, 1867, and the act supplemental thereto, passed March 23rd, 1867, is eligible to office in the Provisional government of North and South Carolina. All persons appointed to office will be required to take the oath prescribed by the act aforesaid and to file the same duly subscribed and sworn with the Post Commander.

2. All citizens assessed for taxes, and who shall have paid taxes for the current year, are qualified to serve as jurors. It shall be the duty of the proper civil officers, charged with providing lists of jurors, to proceed within their several jurisdictions, without delay, and ascertain the names of all qualified persons, and place them on the jury lists, and from such revised lists all jurors shall be hereafter summoned, and drawn in the manner required by law.

3. All citizens are eligible to follow any licensed calling, employment or avocation, subject to such impartial regulations as may be prescribed by municipal or other competent authority, not inconsistent with common rights and the Constitution and laws of the United States. The bond required as security shall not exceed the penal sum of one hundred dollars. One or more sureties being citizens and worth, in the aggregate, double the amount of the bond, over and above just debts, will be sufficient.

4. The Mayors of cities and other municipal and town officers, and all Sheriffs, Magistrates and Police officers, are required to be vigilant and efficient in maintaining order, and in the discharge of their duties. They will be expected to co-operate with the military authorities.

5. Post commanders may summon to their aid, whenever the ordinary means at their disposal shall not be sufficient to execute their orders, such of the civil officers, and as many of the citizens, within the territorial limits of the military post, as may be necessary, and the neglect or refusal of any person to aid and assist in the execution of the orders of the Commanding officer will be deemed a misdemeanor, punishable by such fine and imprisonment as may be imposed by a military tribunal approved by the Commanding General.

6. No license for the sale of intoxicating liquors in quantities less than one gallon or to be drank on the premises shall be granted to any person other than an Inn-keeper. The number of such licenses shall be determined, and the fees to be charged for each license shall be prescribed and collected, by the municipal or town authorities and appropriated exclusively for the benefit of the poor. If any person shall be found drunk on the premises where liquor is sold the license may be revoked by any magistrate. The tax imposed by the Internal Revenue laws of the United States is an additional charge and does not excuse the person from the observance of local regulations, nor exempt him from the payment of such other license fees as may be imposed by the municipal or other competent authorities.

7. All contracts hereafter made for the manufacture, sale or transportation, storage or insurance of intoxicating liquors shall within this military district be deemed and treated as against public policy, and no civil action, suit or proceedings for the enforcement of any such contract shall be entertained in any court.

8. In public conveyances on railroads, highways, streets or navigable waters, no discrimination because of color or caste shall be made, and the common rights of all citizens therein shall be recognized and respected. The violation of this regulation will be deemed a misdemeanor and render the offender liable to arrest and trial by a Military Tribunal to be designated by the commanding General, besides such damages as the injured party may see fit to recover in the civil Courts.

9. The remedy by distress for rent is abolished. Where lands are leased, or let out for hire or rent, cotton, corn or other produce of the same, when severed from the land, may be impounded, but the same shall not be removed. Any cotton, corn or other produce so impounded shall be held as security for the rent or hire so claimed and may be sold in satisfaction of any judgment for the same, *Provided*, that any unsatisfied claim for labor bestowed upon the cultivation of such cotton, corn, or other produce, shall, in no case, be postponed to any demand for rent or hire. But to the extent of such claim for labor there shall be a lien on such cotton, corn and other produce having preference over any claim for rent or hire.

By command of
MAJ. GEN. SICKLES,
J. W. CLOUS, A. A. A. G.

BOOK STORES.

25000 WHITE, BUFF, AND CANARY Envelopes.
Paris Envelopes, White and Colored; Fine French Note Paper.
For sale by
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Next door to Williams & Haywood's Drug Store.
May 22-249-tf

IMPORTANT ITEM.

Books and Stationery are still cheaper than when we wrote you last.

In purchasing our new Stock of goods, we have selected only the VERY BEST ARTICLES, and many of them we find to be cheaper than the same qualities purchased in January and February.—We buy nothing but *quick stock*, hence we can afford to sell for *small profits*.

In order to sell well one must buy well, and this, several years of experience enables us to do. It is certainly our interest to give general satisfaction, and this has always been our aim. We are to-day receiving a lot of fine French and American, Letter Note, and Foolscap papers, which we will sell reasonably.

Call at our New Store next door above Tucker's New Hall.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
June 22-268-tf

WEARING OF THE GRAY!

Cloth Binding	$4.00,
Sheep "	5.00,
Half Calf "	6.00.

This book is sold only by Agents. We are the sole Agents for Wake County and the city of Raleigh.
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
July 10-286-tf

SOMETHING NEW!
PHOTOGRAPH BIBLES!
STUART'S FREEMASON'S MANUAL!
IS DAVIS A TRAITOR?
Dr. Livingstone's Travels and Explorations in South Africa.
Illustrated, Dictionary of the Bible, &c.
All just to hand at Fentress's corner, our new store.
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
June 4-253-tf

4 DOZEN SOUTHERN HARMONY AND MUSICAL Companion.
100 Bradbury's Golden Chain and Censer.
1000 Sabbath School Wreath, &c., &c.
For sale by
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
May 29-249-tf

THE ROMANCE OF BEAUSEIN COURT.

An Episode extracted from the retrospect of Miriam Manfort, by the author of the "Household of Bouvert, just published and to hand.—Price $2.00.
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
June 27-273-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

LIME,

An excellent quality of Lime, suitable for fertilizing purposes can be had at Salisbury at $14.00 per long Ton, or $12.00 at Catawba Station.
Apply to
POWELL, WILSON & CO.
Catawba Station, N. C.
June 26-271-6m

COMMISSIONERS OF CLAIMS.

This Commission will be open for the reception of Claims, until the 22nd. inst.—after which date their labors will be confined to the specific adjustment of the claims that will have been at that time presented.
JAS. C. HARPER, Ch'n.
July 11-287-td
Progress, Standard and Register copy til day.

BRASS PAD LOCKS, FOR DOG COLLARS.

J. BROWN,
June 29-271-tf With HART & LEWIS.

NOTICE.

The next general meeting of the Stockholders of the Chatham Railroad Company, will be held at the office of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, in Raleigh, on Monday, the 15th. inst., at 11 o'clock, A. M.
W. W. VASS,
July 8-285-tf Sec'y.

DR. WM. LITTLE,

HAS RESUMED THE PRACTICE OF MEDICINE in Raleigh and its vicinity.
OFFICE, at Col. Geo. Little's.
Raleigh, July 3-278-1m

Congressional Reconstruction Acts.

For the information of our readers we republish as follows the late reconstruction act of Congress, known as the Sherman-Shellabarger bill. We shall add to it the Howard Amendment, Test Oath and the Supplementary act, all of which will be kept standing until the necessary information they contain shall be generally and fully understood.

THE RECONSTRUCTION ACT.

AN ACT to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States.

[Passed over the President's Veto, March 2d, 1867.]

WHEREAS, no legal State governments or adequate protection for life or property now exists in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas, and Arkansas; and whereas it is necessary that peace and good order should be enforced in said States until loyal and Republican State Governments can be legally established: Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That said rebel States shall be divided into military districts and made subject to the military authority of the United States, as hereinafter prescribed, and for that purpose Virginia shall constitute the first district; North Carolina and South Carolina the second district; Georgia, Alabama and Florida the third district; Mississippi and Arkansas the fourth district; and Louisiana and Texas the fifth district.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the President to assign to the command of each of said districts an officer of the army, not below the rank of Brigadier general, and to detail a sufficient military force to enable such officer to perform his duties and enforce his authority within the district to which he is assigned.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of each officer assigned as aforesaid to protect all persons in their rights of person and property, to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to punish, or cause to be punished, all disturbers of the public peace and criminals, and to this end he may allow local civil tribunals to take jurisdiction of and to try offenders, or, when in his judgement it may be necessary for the trial of offenders, he shall have power to organize military commissions or tribunals for that purpose, and all interference, under color of State authority, with the exercise of military authority under this act shall be null and void.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all persons put under military arrest by virtue of this act shall be tried without unnecessary delay, and no cruel or unusual punishment shall be inflicted; and no sentence of any military commission or tribunal hereby authorized, affecting the life or liberty of any person, shall be executed until it is approved by the officer in command of the district, and the laws and regulations for the government of the army shall not be affected by this act, except in so far as they conflict with its provisions. Provided, That no sentence of death, under the provisions of this act, shall be carried into effect without the approval of the President.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That when the people of any one of said rebel States shall have formed a constitution of government in conformity with the Constitution of the United States in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said State, twenty one years old and upwards, of whatever race, color or previous condition, who have been resident in said State for one year previous to the day of such election, except such as may be disfranchised for participation in the rebellion, or for felony at common law; and when such constitution shall provide that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualifications herein stated for electors of delegates; and when such constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such Constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such constitution shall have been submitted to Congress for examination and approval, and Congress shall have approved the same; and when the said State, by a vote of its legislature, elected under said constitution, shall have adopted the amendment to the constitution of the United States, proposed to the Thirty-ninth Congress, and known as article fourteen; and when said article shall have become a part of the constitution of the United States, said State shall be declared entitled to representation in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom, on their taking the oath prescribed by law; and then and thereafter the preceding sections of this act shall be inoperative in said State. Provided, That no person excluded from the privilege of holding office by said amendment to the constitution of the United States shall be eligible to election as a member of the convention to frame a constitution for any of said rebel States, nor shall any such person vote for members of such convention.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That until the people of said rebel States shall be by law admitted to representation in the Congress of the United States, any civil government which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States at any time to abolish, modify, control or supersede the same; and in all elections to any office under such provisional governments all persons shall be entitled to vote, and none others, who are entitled to vote under the provisions of the fifth section of this act; and no person shall be eligible to any office under such provisional governments who would be disqualified from holding office under the provisions of the third article of said constitutional amendment.

SCHUYLER COLFAX,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
LAFAYETTE S. FOSTER,
President of the Senate *pro tem.*

The following is the Constitutional Amendment referred to in the 4th. section of the Sherman Bill:

Proposed Constitutional Amendment.

ARTICLE XIV.

Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Sec. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, representatives in Congress, executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State being twenty-one years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

Sec. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

Sec. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims, shall be held illegal and void.

Sec. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article.

The following is the oath of office referred to in the 5th section of the bill, and also in the 6th of the Supplementary Bill:

An Act to Prescribe an Oath of Office and for Other Purposes.

Be it enacted, That hereafter any person elected or appointed to any office of honor or profit under the government of the United States, either in the civil, military or naval department of the public service, except the President of the United States, shall before entering upon the duties of such office, and before being entitled to any of the salary or other emolument thereof, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation: "I, A B, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have never voluntarily borne arms against the U. S. since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have never sought nor accepted, nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority, in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, power or constitution within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto; and I do further swear (or affirm) that to the best of my knowledge and ability, I will support and defend the constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion, and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter. So help me God," which oath, so taken and signed, shall be preserved among the files of the Court, Houses of Congress, or the department to which said officer may appertain. And any person who may falsely take said oath shall be guilty of perjury, and on conviction, in addition to the penalties now prescribed for that offence, shall be deprived of his office, and rendered incapable, forever after, of holding any office or place under the United States.

Approved July 2, 1862.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STEVENS-SHERMAN-SHELLABARGER BILL.

AN ACT supplemental to an act entitled an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2, 1867, and to facilitate restoration.

Be it enacted, &c., That before the first day of September, 1867, the commanding general in each district defined by the act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, approved March 2, 1867, shall cause a registration to be made of the male citizens of the United States, twenty-one years of age, and upwards, resident in each county or parish in the State or States included in his district, which registration will include only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the act aforesaid, and when shall have taken and subscribed the following oath or affirmation:

"I, ——, do solemnly swear, or affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I am a citizen of the State of ——; that I have resided in said State for —— months next preceding this day, and now reside in the county of ——, or the parish of ——, in said State, as the case may be; that I am 21 years old; that I have not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the United States, nor for felony committed against the laws of any State or of the United States; that I have never been a member of any State Legislature, or held any executive or judicial office in any State, and afterwards engaged in insurrection and rebellion against the United States, and given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I have never taken an oath as a member of Congress of the United States, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any state, to support the Constitution of the United States and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I will faithfully support the Constitution and obey the laws of the United States and will to the best of my ability, encourage others so to do. So help me God."

In which oath or affirmation may be administered by any registering officer.

Sec. 2. That after the completion of the registration hereby provided for in any State at such time and place as the commanding general shall appoint and direct, of which at least thirty day's public notice shall be given, an election shall be held of delegates to a convention for the purpose of establishing a constitution and civil government for such State loyal to the Union; said convention in each State, except Virginia, to consist of the same number of members as the most numerous branch of the State Legislature of such State in the year 1860, to be apportioned among the several districts, counties, or parishes of such State by the commanding general, giving to each representation in the ratio of voters registered as aforesaid as nearly as may be. The convention in Virginia shall consist of the same number of members as represented the territory now constituting Virginia in the most numerous branch of the Legislature of said State in the year 1860, to be apportioned as aforesaid.

Sec. 3. That at such election the registered voters of each State shall vote for or against a convention to form a constitution thereof under this act. Those voting in favor of such a convention shall have written or printed on the ballots by which they vote for delegates, as aforesaid, the words "for a convention;" and those voting against such a convention shall have written or printed on such ballots the words "against a convention." The persons appointed to superintend said election, and to make return of the votes given thereat, as herein provided, shall count and make return of the votes given for and against a convention; and the commanding general, to whom the same shall have been returned, shall ascertain and declare the total vote in each State for and against a convention. If a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, then a convention shall be held, as hereinafter provided; but if a majority of said votes shall be against a convention, then no convention shall be held under this act: *Provided*, That such convention shall not be held unless a majority of all such registered voters shall have voted on the question of holding such convention.

Sec. 4. That the commanding general of each district shall appoint such loyal officers or persons as may be necessary, not exceeding three in each election district, in any State, to make and complete the registration, superintend the election, and make return to him of the votes, lists of voters and of the persons elected as delegates by a plurality of the votes cast at said election; and upon receiving said returns he shall open the same, ascertain the persons elected as delegates according to the returns of the officers who conducted said election, and make proclamation thereof; and if a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, the commanding general, within sixty days from the date of election, shall notify the delegates to assemble in convention at a time and place to be mentioned in the notification, and said convention, when organized, shall proceed to frame a Constitution and civil government according to the provisions of this act, and the act to which it is supplementary; and when the same shall have been so framed, said Constitution shall be submitted by the convention for ratification to the persons registered under the provisions of this act, at an election to be conducted by the officers, or persons appointed by the commanding general as hereinbefore provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date of notice thereof to be given by said convention, and the returns thereof shall be made to the commanding general of the district.

Sec. 5 That if, according to said returns, the constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes of the registered electors qualified as herein specified, cast at said election, at least one-half of all the registered voters voting upon the question of such ratification, the president of the convention shall transmit a copy of the same, duly certified, to the President of the United States, who shall forthwith transmit the same to Congress, if then in session, and if not in session then immediately upon its next assembling; and if it shall moreover appear to Congress that the election was one at which all the registered and qualified electors in the State had an opportunity to vote freely and without restraint, fear or the influence of fraud, and if Congress shall be satisfied that such constitution meets the approval of a majority of the qualified electors in the State, and if the said constitution shall be declared by Congress to be in conformity with the provisions of the act to which this is supplementary, and the other provisions of said act shall have been complied with, and the said constitution shall be approved by Congress, the State shall be declared entitled to representation, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom as herein provided.

Sec. 6. That all elections in the States mentioned in the said "Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," shall, during the operation of said act, be by ballot; and all officers making the said registration of voters and conducting said elections shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, subscribe an oath faithfully to perform the duties of their said office, and the oath prescribed by the act approved July 2, 1862, entitled "An act to prescribe an oath of office:" *Provided*, That if any person shall knowingly and falsely take and subscribe any oath in this act prescribed, such person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be subject to the pains, penalties and disabilities which by law are provided for the punishment of the crime of wilful and corrupt perjury.

Sec. 7. That all expenses incurred by the several commanding generals, or by virtue of any orders issued or appointments made by them under or by virtue of this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 8. That the convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary, and compensation to be paid to all delegates and other officers, and agents herein authorized or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same.

Sec. 9. That the word "article" in the sixth section of the act to which this is supplementary shall be construed to mean "section."

FOR RENT.

A small family, living in a most desirable part of the city, having a large, commodious residence would rent half of the house and lot, including kitchen, pantry, smoke-house, garden &c., to desirable parties.

The house can be had furnished or unfurnished; either by the month or year. There is also a most delightful well of water on the lot. Terms moderate. Apply at the
"SENTINEL" OFFICE.
June 4-253-tf

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOHN S. DANCY, of TARBORO, N.C., JOHN H. HYMAN, of SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

JOSEPH H. HYMAN,
Late of Tarboro, N. C.
DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,

For the sale of all kinds of Southern produce and purchase of General Merchandize.
No. 24, Exchange Place,
NEW YORK.
Aug. 23-tf

J. L. HATHAWAY AND UTLEY.

(Formerly HATHAWAY & Co., Importers of MOLASSES and SUGAR, Wilmington, N. C.)

Shipping and Commission Merchants,

171 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

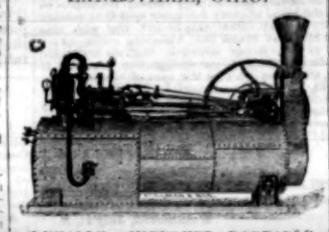
We solicit consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores, Shootings, Yarns, Tobacco, and other Southern Products, to the sale of which our prompt personal attention will be given. We will make liberal advances upon receipt of Invoice and Bill of Lading. All Merchandize and Produce shipped to us for sale are insured from point of shipment, with or without advice.—Invoices should always accompany each shipment.

Both of us having had over twenty years' experience in business in the South, and our J. L. HATHAWAY three years in New York, we feel confident we can secure full prices for our friends who will favor us with their consignments.

REFER TO—Kemp P. Battle, Public Treasurer of N. C. and W. H. & R. S. Tucker, Raleigh, N. C.
JAS. L. HATHAWAY, WM. R. UTLEY.
Feb. 20-6m

MISCELLANEOUS.

MUSKINGUM VALLEY
PORTABLE ENGINE WORKS,
ZANESVILLE, OHIO.



DUVALLS' IMPROVED PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES AND CIRCULAR SAW MILLS. DUVALL'S PREMIUM CORN MILLS AND IMPROVED FLOURING MILLS.

These Engines and Mills have received the first premium over all competitors. They afford the most simple, and most economical power in use and excel in power any Engines made in the Union.

These Engines are fired and thoroughly tested before leaving the works, and are warranted in all respects perfect and ready for immediate use. They are warranted to cut more lumber with less fuel and at less expense than any other in the Union.

For descriptions, price lists and other information address,

LOUIS ZIMMER & CO.
Guilford Land Agency,
Greensboro' N. C.
June 26-271-3m Sole Agent for N. C.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

PRICES REDUCED!!

IN ORDER TO PLACE PHOTOGRAPHS WITH in the reach of everybody, and thereby increase my business, I have

REDUCED THE PRICE

of Photographs one fourth.

Now is the time. Call early.

J. W. WATSON.
mar 28-197-tf

JUST RECEIVED,
A SUPERB LOT OF
GENT'S FINE CALF BOOTS,
CALF GAITERS,
LASTING GAITERS,
LASTING SHOES,
OXFORD TIES,
From the celebrated manufactury of T. MILES & SON.
A. N. & J. McKIMMON.
May 10-232-tf

A SITUATION WANTED.

A Young Lady, who has experience in teaching, desires to obtain a situation as Teacher of the English branches in a Family School or as an Assistant. The best testimonials will be given.
Address the
EDITORS OF THE SENTINEL.
June 13-265-tf

NEW BOOKS.

TREATMENT OF FRACTURES,

BY N. R. SMITH, M. D.

Showing the use of the Anterior Suspensory Apparatus. It is a new work well illustrated and finely printed. Price $3 00.
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
June 27-273-tf

GARRETT, YOUNG, SCOTT, & CO.
No. 33 Worth and 29 Murray Sts.,
NEW YORK,
SUCCESSORS TO
ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.
OF NEW YORK,
AND
SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,
OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Men's and Boys' Clothing.

C. W. GARRETT, A. S. SHAFER.
EBEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT.
SPENCER SCOTT, F. M. GARRETT.
May 15-1867

PIEDMONT SPRINGS FOR SALE.

ON THE 15TH. DAY OF AUGUST 1867, WE shall sell, on the premises, at public auction, to the highest bidder, the celebrated watering place known as

PIEDMONT SPRINGS,

and 56¼ acres of land attached, situated in Stokes County, North Carolina, three miles from the capital of the county.

This valuable property is in the midst of the most picturesque and romantic scenery in America. The salubrity of the climate and virtue of the water are too well known to need comment. Fit and suitable accommodations for FOUR HUNDRED GUESTS. For further information apply to M. W. Smallwood, Richmond Square, Northampton county, N. C.

TERMS OF SALE:—Twelve months credit, bond and approved security with interest from date, title retained till purchase money paid.
M. W. SMALLWOOD, } Trustees.
JOHN TILLERY, }
July 6-283-td

HORSE POWERS AND WHEAT THRESHERS.

I can furnish to order, at Manufacturer's prices, with freight added:

Sinclair's IMPROVED HORSE POWERS, Wheat Threshers, Fanning Mills, Apple Mills and Presses, Cradles, Propeller Cutting Knives, Corn Shellers, Horse Rakes, Montgomery's Rockaway Farm, Smiths' Virginia Cutting Knives, and any other implements wanted.

Orders solicited at once.
JAMES M. TOWLES,
June 12-260-tf Agent.

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Baltimore,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PORTABLE AND STATIONARY
Steam Engines and Boilers,
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LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,
ROBERTS' BURR REGULATOR.

Flouring Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers.
mar 29-198-6m.

COLLINS & HEATH,
22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon Cook Stove,
Sheet Lead,	Patapsco Cook,
Lead Pipe,	Roger Williams's, Universe Cooks,
Iron Pipe,	Beebe Range,
Terra Cotta Pipe,	European Range,
Brass Cocks,	Magee Range,
Plated Cocks,	Spence Range,
Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs,	Emerald Range,
Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters,	Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces,
Water Closets,	Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick,
Iron and China Basins,	Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety.
Hydrants,	All the different styles of Grates,
Pumps,	High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.,
Rams, Fountains,	
Water Wheels	
Garden Vases,	
Water-Coolers,	
Refrigerators, &c.	

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.
April 8-206-1y

PIANOS! PIANOS!!

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.,
RALEIGH, N. C.
AGENTS FOR STIEFF'S 1st. PREMIUM GRAND AND SQUARE
PIANOS,

FACTORIES 84 & 86 CAMDEN ST., AND 45 & 47 PERRY ST., OPPOSITE THE BALTIMORE & OHIO R. R OFFICE, AND WAREROOMS NO. 7. W. LIBERTY ST., ABOVE BALTIMORE, BALTIMORE, Md.,

Stieff's new Scale Pianos, with the Agraffe treble and Ivory fronts, are pronounced by the best Professors and Amateurs to be the best Pianos now in use. They are fully warranted for 5 years, with privilege of exchange within 12 months, if not entirely satisfactory to the purchaser.

Second hand Pianos and Cabinet Organs always on hand from $50 to $300.

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TERMS LIBERAL, A CALL IS SOLICITED.
May 22-243-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

A CHANCE TO HAVE YOUR
OLD FURNITURE REPAIRED AND RENOVATED.

HAVING OBTAINED THE SERVICES OF A No. 1 Upholsterer, we are prepared to do all kinds of UPHOLSTERING, with neatness and dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Old Mattresses renovated and made over

Furniture of all kinds repaired and varnished and re-upholstered, and any thing in our line made to order promptly.
W. H. MORRISS & CO.
April 29-224-tf 18 Fayetteville St.

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CHARLOTTE, N. C.
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IF you desire to supply yourselves for the Fall and Winter trade, with the very best descriptions and styles of

ALL-WOOL CASSIMERES,
AND WITH THE MOST DURABLE
JEANS AND KERSEY FABRICS,

All free from Shoddy and other impurities, order samples from the subscriber, and they will be forwarded, with prices attached, during the months of July and August.

From these samples you can make your selections, and return your orders, and the goods will be forwarded direct from the manufactory.
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Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, and the local anesthetic or Ether spray.
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MERCHANTS,
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HAVE IN STORE AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, SUGARS, COFFEES, AND TEAS, BACON, MOLASSES AND CHEESE, BRANDIES, WINES AND WHISKIES, SOAPS, CANDLES, AND CANDIES, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

Canned Fruits, Sauces and Figs, Canned Oysters, Raisins and Dates, Nuts, Currants, Pickles and Spices, Powder, Shot and Caps, Butter, Lard, Yeast, Powders, Soda,

and in fact everything usually found in a first class Wholesale Grocery house—in the greatest variety and at prices which cannot fail to please.

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50 Boxes Axes, 25 Doz. of Manure Forks,
25 Doz. Long handled Shovels, 25 Doz. Spades,
36 " Weeding Hoes assorted, 50 Doz. Hames,
25 " Horse Collars, 50 Doz. Trace Chaines,
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Rope, Twine, Nails, &c.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
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Feb 22-168-tf

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WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO ALL BUSINESS intrusted to his care.
Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.
Jan 24-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

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